

> PRINT

ECOSYS P2135dn







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# Introduction

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# About the Advanced Operation Guide

This guide has the following chapters:

#### 1 Paper Handling

This chapter explains how choose, handle and load paper.

#### 2 Using the Operation Panel

This chapter explains how to use the operation panel to configure the printer.

#### 3 Option

This chapter explains the options for this printer.

#### 4 Computer Interface

This chapter explains the possible connections between the printer and your computer.

#### Glossary

A Glossary of terms used is provided here.

# **Conventions in This Guide**

Convention	Description	Example	
Italic Typeface	Used to emphasize a key word, phrase or reference to additional information.	Refer to Configuration Tool on page 3-9.	
Bold	Used to denote buttons on the software.	To start printing, click <b>OK</b> .	
Bracket Bold	Used to denote operation panel keys.	Printing resumes when <b>[GO]</b> is pressed.	
Note	Used to provide additional or useful information about a function or feature.	Note Do not remove the toner container from the carton until you are ready to install it in the printer.	
Important	Used to provide important information.	<b>IMPORTANT</b> Take care not to touch the transfer roller (black) during cleaning.	
Caution	Cautions are statements that suggest mechanical damage as a result of an action.	<b>CAUTION</b> When pulling the paper, pull it gently so as not to tear it. Torn pieces of paper are difficult to remove and may be easily overlooked, deterring the paper jam recovery.	
Warning	Used to alert users to the possibility of personal injury.	<b>WARNING</b> If you ship the printer, remove and pack the developer unit and drum unit in a plastic bag and ship them separately from the printer.	

This manual uses the following conventions.

# **1** Paper Handling

This chapter explains paper specifications for this printer.

General Guidelines	1-2
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Paper Type	1-11

# **General Guidelines**

The machine is designed to print on standard copier paper, but it can also accept a variety of other types of paper within the limits specified below.



**Note** The manufacturer assumes no liability for problems that occur when paper not satisfying these requirements is used.

Selection of the right paper is important. Using the wrong paper can result in paper jams, curling, poor print quality, and paper waste, and in extreme cases can damage the machine. The guidelines given below will increase the productivity of your office by ensuring efficient, troublefree printing and reducing wear and tear on the machine.

#### **Paper Availability**

Most types of paper are compatible with a variety of machines. Paper intended for xerographic copiers can also be used with the machine.

There are three general grades of paper: economy, standard, and premium. The most significant difference between grades is the ease with which they pass through the machine. This is affected by the smoothness, size, and moisture content of the paper, and the way in which the paper is cut. The higher the grade of paper you use, the less risk there will be of paper jams and other problems, and the higher the level of quality your printed output will reflect.

Differences between paper from different suppliers can also affect the machine's performance. A high-quality printer cannot produce highquality results when the wrong paper is used. Low-priced paper is not economical in the long run if it causes printing problems.

Paper in each grade is available in a range of basis weights (defined later). The traditional standard weights are 60 to  $120 \text{ g/m}^2$  (16 to 31.9b).

#### **Paper Specifications**

The following table summarizes the basic paper specifications. Details are given on the following pages:

Item	Specifications
Weight	Cassette: 60 to 120 g/m <sup>2</sup> (16 to 31.9 lb/ream)
	MP tray: 60 to 220 g/m <sup>2</sup> (16 to 58.5 lb/ream)
Thickness	0.086 to 0.110mm (3.4 to 4.3 mils)
Dimensional	±0.7 mm (±0.0276 inches)
Accuracy	
Squareness of	90±0.2°
Corners	
Moisture Content	4 to 6%
Direction of Grain	Long grain
Pulp Content	80% or more

#### **Minimum and Maximum Paper Sizes**

The minimum and maximum paper sizes are as follows. For the paper smaller than JIS B6, postcards, and envelopes, the MP tray must be used.





**Note** The minimum paper size of the optional paper feeder (PF-100) is 148 x 210 mm (5-13/16 x 8-5/16 inches).

# **Selecting the Right Paper**

This section describes the guidelines for selecting paper.

#### Condition

Avoid using paper that is bent at the edges, curled, dirty, torn, embossed, or contaminated with lint, clay, or paper shreds.

Use of paper in these conditions can lead to illegible printing and paper jams, and can shorten the life of the machine. In particular, avoid using paper with a surface coating or other surface treatment. Paper should have as smooth and even a surface as possible.

#### Composition

Do not use paper that has been surface-treated and contains plastic or carbon. The heat of fusing can cause such paper to give off harmful fumes.

Bond paper should contain at least 80% pulp. Not more than 20% of the total paper content should consist of cotton or other fibers.

#### **Paper Sizes**

Cassettes and the MP Tray are available for the paper sizes shown below. The dimensional tolerances are  $\pm 0.7$ mm for the length and width. The angle at the corners must be 90°  $\pm 0.2$ °.

MP Tray Only	Size	Cassette or MP Tray	Size
Env. Monarch	3-7/8 × 7-1/2 inches	Legal	8-1/2 × 14 inches
Envelope #10	4-1/8 × 9-1/2 inches	Letter	8-1/2 × 11 inches
Envelope #9	3-7/8 × 8-7/8 inches	ISO A4	210 × 297 mm
Envelope #6	3-5/8 × 6-1/2 inches	ISO A5	148 × 210 mm
Envelope DL	110 × 220 mm	ISO A6	105 × 148 mm
JIS B6	128 × 182 mm	Envelope C5	162 × 229 mm
Hagaki	100 × 148 mm	ISO B5	176 × 250 mm
OufukuHagaki	148 × 200 mm	JIS B5	182 × 257 mm
Youkei 2	114 × 162 mm	Statement	5-1/2 × 8-1/2 inches
Youkei 4	105 × 235 mm	Executive	7-1/4 × 10-1/2 inches
		Oficio II	8-1/2 × 13 inches
		Folio	210 × 330 mm
		16 kai	197 × 273 mm
		216 × 340 mm	216 × 340 mm
Custom	Cassette: 105 to 216 (4-1/8 to 8 MP Tray: 70 to 216 (2-3/4 to 8	6 mm × 148 to 35 8-1/2 inches × 5- mm × 148 to 356 8-1/2 inches × 5-	56 mm 13/16 to 14 inches) 5 mm 13/16 to 14 inches)

#### **Smoothness**

The paper should have a smooth, uncoated surface. Paper with a rough or sandy surface can cause blank spaces in the printed output. Paper that is too smooth can cause multiple feeding and fogging problems. (Fogging is a gray background effect.)

#### **Basis Weight**

Basis weight is the weight of paper expressed in grams per square meter (g/m<sup>2</sup>). Paper that is too heavy or too light may cause feed errors or paper jams as well as premature wear of the product. Uneven weight of paper, namely uneven paper thickness may cause multiple-sheet feeding or print quality problems such as blurring because of poor toner fusing.

#### Paper Weight Equivalence Table

The paper weight is listed in pounds (lb) and metric grams per square meter  $(g/m^2)$ . The shaded part indicates the standard weight.

U. S. Bond Weight (lb)	Europe Metric Weight (g/m²)
16	60
17	64
20	75
21	80
22	81
24	90
27	100
28	105
32	120
34	128
36	135
39	148
42	157
43	163
47	176
53	199

#### Thickness

The paper used with the machine should be neither extremely thick nor extremely thin. If you are having problems with paper jams, multiple feeds, and faint printing, the paper you are using may be too thin. If you are having problems with paper jams and blurred printing the paper may be too thick.

#### **Moisture Content**

Moisture content is defined as the percent ratio of moisture to the dry mass of the paper. Moisture can affect the paper's appearance, feed ability, curl, electrostatic properties, and toner fusing characteristics.

The moisture content of the paper varies with the relative humidity in the room. When the relative humidity is high and the paper absorbs moisture, the paper edges expand, becoming wavy in appearance. When the relative humidity is low and the paper loses moisture, the edges shrink and tighten, and print contrast may suffer.

Wavy or tight edges can cause jams and alignment anomalies. The moisture content of the paper should be 4 to 6%.

To ensure correct moisture content, it is important to store the paper in a controlled environment. Some tips on moisture control are:

- Store paper in a cool, dry location.
- Keep the paper in its wrapping as long as possible. Re-wrap paper that is not in use.
- Store paper in its original carton. Place a pallet etc. under the carton to separate it from the floor.
- After removing paper from storage, let it stand in the same room as the machine for 48 hours before use.
- Avoid leaving paper where it is exposed to heat, sunlight, or damp.

#### **Paper Grain**

When paper is manufactured, it is cut into sheets with the grain running parallel to the length (long grain) or parallel to the width (short grain). Short grain paper can cause feeding problems in the machine. All paper used in the machine should be long grain.

#### **Other Paper Properties**

Porosity: Indicates the density of paper fiber.

**Stiffness**: Limp paper may buckle in the machine, resulting in paper jams.

**Curl**: Most paper naturally tends to curl one way if left unpacked. When paper passes through the fixing unit, it curls upward a little. To produce flat printouts, load the paper so that the upward pressure from the machine can correct their curling.

**Electrostatic discharge**: During the printing process the paper is electrostatically charged to attract the toner. The paper must be able to release this charge so that printed sheets do not cling together in the Output Tray.

**Whiteness**: The contrast of the printed page depends on the whiteness of the paper. Whiter paper provides a sharper, brighter appearance.

**Quality control**: Uneven sheet size, corners that are not square, ragged edges, welded (uncut) sheets, and crushed edges and corners can cause the machine to malfunction in various ways. A quality paper supplier should take considerable care to ensure that these problems do not occur.

**Packaging**: Paper should be packed in a sturdy carton to protect it from damage during transport. Quality paper obtained from a reputable supplier is usually correctly packaged.

#### **Special Paper**

Paper type to be used Paper type to be selected Thin paper (60 to 64 g/m<sup>2</sup>) Vellum Thick paper (90 to 220 g/m<sup>2</sup>) Thick Colored paper Color Recycled paper Recycled Overhead projector transparencies Transparency Cardstock Cardstock Envelopes Envelope Label Labels

The following types of special paper can be used:

Use paper that is sold specifically for use with copiers or printers (heatfusing type). When using transparencies, labels, envelopes, cardstock, or thick paper, feed the paper from the MP Tray.

Since the composition and quality of special paper vary considerably, special paper is more likely than white bond paper to give trouble during printing. No liability will be assumed if moisture and so forth given off during printing on special paper causes harm to the machine or operator.



**Note** Before purchasing any type of special paper, test a sample on the machine and check that printing quality is satisfactory.

Half speed mode is automatically engaged depending on **Media types**, including **Labels**, **Rough**, and **Thick**.

#### **Transparency**

This printer is available for monochrome printing on transparencies. Transparencies must be fed to the MP Tray. One transparency can be loaded at a time.

Transparencies must be able to withstand the heat of fusing during the printing process.

Transparencies must be placed on the MP tray with the long edge towards the printer.



When unloading transparencies (e.g., for clearing jams), hold them carefully by the edges to avoid leaving fingerprints on them.

#### Labels

Labels must be fed to the MP tray. One label can be loaded at a time.

The basic rule for printing on adhesive labels is that the adhesive must never come into contact with any part of the machine. Adhesive paper sticking to the drum or rollers will damage the machine. Label paper has a structure comprising of three layers, as shown in the diagram. The top sheet is printed on. The adhesive layer consists of pressure-sensitive adhesives. The carrier sheet (also called the linear or backing sheet) holds the labels until used. Due to the complexity of its composition, adhesive-



backed label paper is particularly likely to give printing problems.

Adhesive label paper must be entirely covered by its top sheet, with no spaces between the individual labels. Labels with spaces in between are liable to peel off, causing serious paper jam problems.

Some label paper is manufactured with an extra margin of top sheet around the edge. Do not remove the extra top sheet from the carrier sheet until after printing is finished.



The table below lists the specifications for adhesive label paper.

Item	Specification
Weight of top sheet	44 to 74 g/m <sup>2</sup> (12 to 20 lb/ream)
Composite weight	104 to 151 g/m <sup>2</sup> (28 to 40 lb/ream)
Thickness of top sheet	0.086 to 0.107 mm (3.9 to 4.2 mils)
Composite thickness	0.115 to 0.145 mm (4.5 to 5.7 mils)
Moisture content	4 to 6 % (composite)

#### **Postcards**

Up to 10 postcards can be loaded at a time. Fan the stack of postcards and align the edges before loading them in the MP tray. Make sure the postcards you are going to set are not curled. Feeding curled postcards may cause paper jams.

Some postcards have rough

edges on the back (those are created when the paper is cut). In this case, put the postcards on a flat place and rub the edges with, for example, a ruler to smooth them.



#### **Envelopes**

Up to 5 envelopes can be loaded at a time. Envelopes should be fed in the face-up position, right edge first.

Since the composition of an envelope is more complex than that of ordinary paper, it is not always possible to ensure consistent printing quality over the entire envelope surface.

Normally, envelopes have a diagonal grain direction. Refer to *Paper Grain* on page *1-6*. This direction can easily cause wrinkles and creases when envelopes pass through the printer. Before purchasing envelopes, make a test print to check whether the printer accepts the envelope.

- Do not use envelopes that have an encapsulated liquid adhesive.
- Avoid a long printing session for envelopes only. Extended envelope printing can cause premature printer wear.
- If jams occur, try setting less envelopes on the MP tray.
- To avoid jams caused by curled envelopes, stack no more than 10 printed envelopes on the output tray.

#### **Thick Paper**

Fan the stack of paper and align the edges before loading them in the MP tray. Some types of paper have rough edges on the back (those are created when the paper is cut). In this case, put the paper on a flat place and rub the edges once or twice with, for example, a ruler to smooth them. Feeding rough edged paper may cause paper jams.



**Note** If the paper jams even after you smooth it out, load the paper in the MP tray with the leading edge raised up a few millimeters as shown in the illustration.



#### **Colored Paper**

Colored paper should satisfy the same conditions as white bond paper. Refer to *Paper Specifications* on page *1-2*. In addition, the pigments used in the paper must be able to withstand the heat of fusing during the printing process (up to 200  $^{\circ}$ C or 392  $^{\circ}$ F).

#### **Preprinted Paper**

Preprinted paper should satisfy the same conditions as white bond paper. Refer to *Paper Specifications* on page *1-2*. The preprinted ink must be able to withstand the heat of fusing during the printing process, and must not be affected by silicone oil.

Do not use paper with any kind of surface treatment, such as the type of paper commonly used for calendars.

#### **Recycled Paper**

Select recycled paper that meets the same specifications as the white bond paper except for whiteness. Refer to *Paper Specifications* on page 1-2.



**Note** Before purchasing recycled paper, test a sample on the machine and check that the printing quality is satisfactory.

# **Paper Type**

The printer is capable of printing under the optimum setting for the type of paper being used.

Setting the paper type for the paper source from the printer's operation panel will cause the printer to automatically select the paper source and print in the mode best suited to that type of paper.

A different paper type setting can be made for each paper source including the MP tray. Not only can preset paper types be selected, but it is also possible for you to define and select customized paper types. Refer to *Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type)* on page 2-24. The following types of paper can be used.

	Paper source			
Paper Type	MP tray	Paper Cassette	Duplex path	
Plain	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Transparency	Yes	No	No	
Preprinted	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Labels	Yes	No	No	
Bond	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Recycled	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Vellum	Yes	No	No	
Rough	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Letterhead	Yes	Yes	No	
Color	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Prepunched	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Envelope	Yes	No	No	
Cardstock	Yes	No	No	
Thick	Yes	No	No	
High quality	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Custom 1 (to 8)*	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Yes: Can be stored No: Cannot be stored

\*. This is a paper type defined and registered by the user. Up to eight types of user settings may be defined. User can also enable or disable the duplex path when using Custom. For more information, refer to *Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type)* on page 2-24.

# 2 Using the Operation Panel

This chapter contains explanations on the following topics:

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# **General Information**

This chapter provides the information you need to configure the Ecosys printer. In general you need to use the operation panel only to make default settings. You can make most changes to the printer settings using the printer driver through the application software.



**Note** Changes to printer settings made using a software application override changes made using the operation panel.

You can also access the printer's various settings from a remote location, by using the control panel, the printer driver or other utilities such as the Status Monitor Utility. Other printer utilities can be installed using the DVD-ROM supplied with the printer.

The chapter describes the operation panel in detail, including its menus and the procedures for changing various printer settings.

# **Understanding the Operation Panel**

The operation panel on the top of the printer has a 2-line by 21-character liquid crystal display (LCD), eight keys, and three indicators (LED).



Messages that appear on the display and functions of indicators and keys are explained in this chapter.

## **Message Display**

The message display on the operation panel shows:

- Status information, the ten messages listed below which are displayed during normal operation.
- Error codes, when the printer requires the operator's attention; as explained in the *Operation Guide*.

#### **Status Information**

Message	Meaning
Self test	The printer is performing self-diagnostics after power-up.
Please wait	The printer is warming up and is not ready. When the printer is switched on for the first time, this message will take several minutes.
Please wait (Adding toner)	Toner is currently being replenished. This message may be displayed during continuous printing of a large volume of pages which require a large amount of toner such as with photographs, etc.
Ready	The printer is ready to print.
Processing	The printer is receiving data to print. This is also shown when the printer is reading a USB flash memory or RAM disk.
Low Power	The printer is in Low Power Mode. The printer wakes from Low Power Mode whenever a print job is received. The printer then warms up and goes on-line.
	<i>timeout time)</i> on page <b>2-64</b> .
Sleeping	The printer is in Auto Sleep. The printer wakes from Auto Sleep whenever a print job is received. The printer then warms up and goes on-line.
	For details on Auto Sleep, refer to <i>Sleep Timer (Sleep timer timeout time)</i> on page <b>2-</b> <b>64</b> .
Canceling data	Jobs inside the printer are being canceled. To cancel a job, refer to <i>Canceling a Printing Job</i> on page <b>2-6</b> .

#### **Error Codes**

Refer to the *Troubleshooting* section in the *Operation Guide*.

## Indicators in Message Display

() Ready	<b>→</b> 🔒 Data	Attention	
Read	У		

# Ready, Data, and Attention Indicators

The following indicators light during normal operation and whenever the printer needs attention. Depending on the status of lighting, each indicator has the following meaning:

Indicator	Description
OReady	<b>Flashing.</b> Indicates an error that you can resolve. For details, refer to the <i>Troubleshooting</i> section in the <i>Operation Guide</i> .
	<b>On.</b> Indicates that the printer is ready. The printer prints the data it receives.
	<b>Off. [Cancel]</b> was pressed during Ready is displayed. Data can be received but will not be printed. To resume printing, press <b>[Cancel]</b> again.
	Printing is canceling. Also, indicates when paper jam occurred, toner has run out, cover is open, and so on. For details, refer to the <i>Troubleshooting</i> section in the <i>Operation Guide</i> .
<b>⇒</b>	<b>Flashing.</b> Indicates that a data is being received. <b>On.</b> Indicates either that data received is being processed before printing starts, or that data received is being written to or read from a RAM disk or USB flash memory.
Attention	<b>Flashing.</b> Indicates that the printer is ready to print when Please wait is displayed. Also indicates that the corresponding paper cassette is not installed. Indicates that the printer requires maintenance such as adding paper, cleaning the printer, preparing the toner container.
	<b>On.</b> Indicates when paper jam occurred, toner has run out, cover is open, and so on. If the message includes Press GO, press <b>[GO]</b> to resume printing. For details, refer to the <i>Troubleshooting</i> section in the <i>Operation Guide</i> .
	The ID or Password entered for the Security or Administrator function is not correct. Check the ID or Password, and enter the correct ID or password.

#### Keys

The operation panel keys are used to configure the printer operation. Note that certain keys have a secondary function.

#### **GO Key**



Use this key to:

- Recover from certain errors.
- Recover from Auto Sleep mode.

#### **Cancel Key**



This key is used to:

- Cancel a printing job.
- Stop the alarm sound.
- Reset numeric values or cancel a setting procedure while using menu system.

#### **Canceling a Printing Job**

1 While the printer displays Processing, press [Cancel].

Print Cancel? appears on the message display followed by the job name currently in progress.

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to display the desired job and **[OK]**.

Canceling data appears on the message display and printing stops after the current page is printed.

#### **MENU Key**



**[MENU]** lets you enter the menu system to change the setup and printing environment of the printer.

Pressing this key during a menu selection will terminate the selection and return the printer to the normal operation.

#### **Cursor Keys**



The four cursor keys are used in the menu system to access an item or enter numeric values. Use  $\triangle$  and  $\bigtriangledown$  to change menus, and  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  to move to the sub menu.

The cursor key with the question mark (?) may be pressed when the paper jam message has appeared on the message display. A help message will then appear to facilitate jam clearing in the location.

When  $\tt Use \ alternative?$  is shown in the message display, use the  $\bigtriangleup$  and  $\bigtriangledown$  key to select the paper source.

#### **OK Key**



This key is used to:

- Finalize settings of numeric values and other selections.
- Set the paper source when Use alternative? is shown in the message display.

# Using the Menu Selection System

#### **Menu Selection System**

This section explains how to use the menu selection system. **[MENU]** on the operation panel allows you to use the menu to configure the printer settings to your specific needs. Settings can be made when Ready, Please wait or Processing is on the printer message display.



**Note** Settings that are received from application software and the printer driver will take priority over settings made in the operation panel.

#### **Entering the Mode Selection Menu**

Press [MENU] when Ready, Please wait or Processing is indicated on the printer message display.

The mode selection menu is displayed.



#### **Selecting a Menu**

The mode selection menu is hierarchical. Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to display the desired menu.



If the selected menu has a sub-menu, > is displayed after the menu. Press  $\triangleright$  to move to the sub-menu or  $\triangleleft$  to go back.

Indicates that there is a sub-menu



> is displayed before the sub-menu.

Press  $\triangleright$  to move to another sub-menu or  $\triangleleft$  to go back.

the sub-menu

another sub-menu

>>Paper		Weight
Nor	mal	1

>> is displayed before the second sub-menu.

Indicates that this is the second sub-menu

#### Setting a Menu

Select the desired menu and press [OK] to set or change the configuration.

Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to display the desired item and **[OK]** to finalize the value or selections set.

#### **Cancelling Menu Selection**

If you press [MENU] when a menu is selected, the message display returns to Ready.

# **Setting a Mode Selection Menu**

This section explains the setting procedures used for each menu item in the mode selection menu.

Report Print

- 1 While the printer displays Ready, Please wait and Processing, press [MENU]. The mode selection menu is displayed. (For example : Report Print)
- **2** Each time you press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ , the selection changes.
  - Report Print
  - USB Memory
  - Counter

>

- Paper Settings
- Print Settings
- Network
- Optional Network
- Device Common
- Security
- Administrator
- · Adjust/Maintenance

The  ${\tt Optional}$   ${\tt Network}$  option appears when the network interface kit is installed.

**Note** If you use the mode first selected when the printer is turned on, Report Print is displayed. For the second and subsequent times, the last menu option you selected the previous time is displayed.

# **Report Print**

The printer prints the report. Report Print includes the following items:

- Print Menu Map
- Print Status Page
- Print Fonts List
- Print RAM Disk File List

1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Report Print > appears.

Note that menus shown in the list may vary depending on which optional units installed in the printer.

#### **Print Menu Map**

The printer prints a full list of the menu selection system menu map.

- **1** Press ▷ while Report Print > is displayed.
- 2 >Print Menu Map appears. In other displays, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until the map appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press [OK]. The message Processing appears and the printer prints a Menu Map.

Report Print

>Print Menu Map ?

#### Menu Map Sample





#### **Print Status Page**

You can check the printer's current status, including available memory space and option settings by printing a status page.

- **1** Press ▷ while Report Print > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Print Status Page appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press [OK] again. The message Processing appears and the printer prints a status page.

For a sample status page and its full description, refer to the next section *Understanding the Status Page.* 

#### **Understanding the Status Page**

The numbers in the following diagram refer the items explained below the diagram. The items and values on the status page may vary depending on the printer's firmware version.



>Print Status Page ?

#### 1 Firmware Version

This item shows the version and release date of the printer firmware.

#### 2 Printer Settings Information

This item shows various printer settings for hardware-related items:

- Paper Settings
- Group Settings
- Print Settings
- EcoPrint
- Device Common Settings
- 3 Installed Options

This item shows the options installed in the printer:

- Paper Feeder

#### 4 Network Status

This item shows the IP address, subnet mask address, and default gateway address for the network interface card in the printer.

#### 5 Interface Information

This information shows the block status for items including the USB memory slot, USB interface and option interface.

#### 6 Memory

This item shows:

- Standard memory in the printer
- Option memory slot status in megabytes
- Total memory in the printer
- Current status of the RAM disk

#### 7 Emulation

This item shows all available emulations of the printer. The default setting for North America is KPDL (AUTO) emulation. The default setting for all other regions is PCL 6 emulation. The emulations are:

- PCL 6
- KPDL (AUTO)
- KPDL
- Line Printer
- IBM Proprinter
- EPSON LQ-850

#### 8 Page Information

This item shows the page related items:

- Total printed page count
- Total page count of each paper size

#### 9 Consumable Status

This item shows the approximate level of remaining toner. When the value is 100, the toner container is full. The closer to 0, the smaller the amount of remaining toner.

## **Print Fonts List**

To help you decide in selecting a font, you can printout lists of the internal fonts or the optional fonts.

- **1** Press ▷ while Report Print > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Print Fonts List appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press **[OK]** again. The message Processing appears and the printer prints a list of fonts with a sample and font ID (number) for each of them.

#### **Print RAM Disk File List**

This allows you to print a list of the files on the RAM disk.

**IMPORTANT** This is displayed when RAM disk mode is enabled.

- **1** Press ▷ while Report Print > is displayed.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Print RAM Disk File List appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press [OK] again. The message Processing appears and the printer prints a list of files stored in a RAM disk.

>Print Fonts List ?

>Print RAM Disk File List ? **USB Memory (USB memory selection)** 

This specifies the settings for removing the USB memory and printing USB memory content. The USB Memory menu automatically appears when you install the USB memory.

**IMPORTANT** This message is displayed only when the USB host block is set to Unblock. For more information, please refer to *I/F Block (Interface (external device) block setting)* on page 2-74

The options available in USB Memory are as follows:

- Print File (Printing a file) Copies (Number of copies) Paper Source (Selecting the paper feed source)
   Remove Device (Removing the USB memory)
- Print File List (Printing a list of the files on a USB memory)
- 1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until USB Memory > appears.

Note that menus shown in the list may vary depending on which optional units installed in the printer.

## Print File (Printing a file)

You can use this to specify printing for files in the USB memory.

- **1** Press ▷ while USB Memory > is displayed.
- **2** >Print File appears. In other displays, press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until the map appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.

# Press [OK] again. The folder or file appears. (For example : Folder 1) Each time you press △ or ▽, the next folder or file appears in succession.

To view lower-level folders or files, press ▷. (For example : Folder 2)

To view folders or files on still lower levels, press ▷. (For example : File 3)

**IMPORTANT** Note also that up to 3 levels of folders or files are displayed. It might take some time before the folder or file name appears, depending on the size of the USB memory or the number of files.

You can move between the folder levels by pressing  $\bigtriangleup$  and  $\bigtriangledown$  or  $\lhd$  and  $\vartriangleright.$ 

5 Press [OK]. A question mark (?) appears. (For example : File 3)

6 Press [OK] again. Copies appears.

USB Memory

/00:Folder 1

/00:Folder 1 /01:Folder 2

/.../01:Folder 2 02:File 3

/.../01:Folder 2 ? 02:File 3

001

Copies
## **Copies (Number of copies)**

Sets the number of copies printed of the specified file in USB memory.

**IMPORTANT** To use this feature, the RAM disk must be set to On.

While Copies in step 5 above is displayed, press △ and ▽ or ⊲ and ▷ to display the number of copies. (E.g.: 10)

**2** Press [OK]. Paper Source and a question mark (?) appears.

## Paper Source (Selecting the paper feed source)

Sets the paper used for printing the specified file in USB memory.

1 While Paper Source in step 2 above is displayed, press △ and ▽ or ⊲ and ▷ repeatedly until the paper source appears. (For example : Cassette 2)

Note that menus shown in the list may vary depending on which optional units installed in the printer.

**2** Press **[OK]**. The message **Processing** appears and the printer prints a file stored in a USB memory.

## Remove Device (Removing the USB memory)

Specifies the setting for USB memory removal.

- **1** Press ▷ while USB Memory > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Remove Device appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press **[OK]** again. Menu display ends and the USB memory device can be removed.

# Print File List (Printing a list of the files on a USB memory)

This allows you to print a list of the files on a USB memory device.

- **1** Press ▷ while USB Memory > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Print File List appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press **[OK]** again. The message Processing appears and the printer prints a list of files stored in a USB memory.

Paper Source ? Cassette 2

010

Copies

Paper Source ? Cassette 1

>Remove Device ?

## >Print File List ?

# **Counter (Viewing the counter value)**

Displays the number of pages printed.

The options available in Counter are as follows:

- Printed Pages (Displaying the total printed pages)
- 1 Press [MENU].

>

2000

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Counter > appears.

## Printed Pages (Displaying the total printed pages)

This only displays the total number of pages printed. You cannot change the displayed number.

- **1** Press ▷ while Counter > is displayed.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Printed Pages appears. The total number of pages printed is displayed. (E.g.: 2000)
- **3** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

>Printed Pages

Counter

## **Paper Settings**

This sets the paper size and type for the MP tray and cassettes from which paper is supplied.

The options available in Paper Settings are as follows:

- MP Tray Size (Setting MP tray paper size)
- MP Tray Type (Setting the MP tray paper type)
- Cassette (1 to 3) Size (Setting the cassette paper size)
- Cassette (1 to 3) Type (Setting the cassette paper type)
- Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type)
- Reset Type Adjust (Resetting the custom paper type)
- 1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Paper Settings > appears.

## MP Tray Size (Setting MP tray paper size)

When you use the MP tray, you should set the MP tray size to the paper size that is used to format the job to print. If the sizes do not match, printing will not be performed on the correct size paper.

The default setting is Letter size for the U.S. and Canada and A4 for other countries. For more information about the paper sizes that you can feed from the MP tray, refer to **Paper Specifications** on page **1-2**.

**Note** Feeding the paper having a paper size which does not match the current paper size from the MP tray can cause paper jam.

- **1** Press ▷ while Paper Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >MP Tray Size appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to display the desired paper size. The message display toggles through the following paper sizes:

```
Envelope Monarch
Envelope #10
Envelope DL
Envelope C5
Executive
Letter
Legal
Α4
B.5
Α5
A6
В6
Envelope #9
Envelope #6
ISO B5
Custom
Hagaki
```

Paper Settings

>MP Tray Size ? A4

```
Oufuku Hagaki
Oficio II
216x340mm
16K
Statement
Folio
Youkei 2
Youkei 4
```

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## MP Tray Type (Setting the MP tray paper type)

You can use this to set the paper type that can be supplied from the MP tray. The default setting is PLAIN.

For more information about paper types that you can feed from the MP tray, refer to Paper Specifications on page 1-2.

- **1** Press ▷ while Paper Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >MP Tray Type appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

4 Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to display the desired paper type. The message display toggles through the following paper types:

```
PLAIN
TRANSPARENCY
PREPRINTED
LABELS
BOND
RECYCLED
VELLUM
ROUGH
LETTERHEAD
COLOR
PREPUNCHED
ENVELOPE
CARDSTOCK
THICK
HIGH OUALITY
CUSTOM 1 (to 8)
```



Note You can define any paper type and store that definition in the printer. For more information, refer to Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type) on page 2-24.

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

>MP Tray Type ? PLAIN

### Cassette (1 to 3) Size (Setting the cassette paper size)

To set the size for the paper cassette, load the paper into a paper cassette, adjust the paper size, and select the paper size from the operation panel.

If the PF-100 optional paper feeder is installed, use the same procedure to load paper into the paper feeder cassettes.

1 Pull the cassette out of the printer.



Proceed to the next section to select the paper size from the operation panel.

#### Setting the Paper Size from the Operation Panel

Use the operation panel to set the size of paper loaded in the cassette on the printer.

- **1** Press ▷ while Paper Settings > is displayed.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Cassette Size > appears. If optional paper feeders are added, Cassette1 Size will appear for the standard paper cassette and Cassette2 Size, and Cassette3 Size will appear for the optional paper feeders.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to display the desired paper size. The message display toggles through the following paper sizes:

```
Envelope C5
Executive
Letter
Legal
A4
B5
A5
A5
A6
ISO B5
Custom
Oficio II
216x340mm
16K
```

>Cassette Size > ? Custom



Statement Folio



**Note** A6 and Statement are displayed for Cassette Size **or** Cassette 1 Size.

**5** When the desired paper size is displayed, press **[OK]**. The paper size is set for the paper cassette.

If you selected Custom in step 4, be sure to set the unit of measurement and the dimensions of the paper as described in the following sections.

Select the units of measurement as described in the next section.

#### Unit (Selecting the unit of measurement)

- 1 Press ⊳.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Unit appears. The unit of measurement can be selected between millimeters and inches. The current unit of measurement is displayed (the default setting is mm).
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Select mm or inch using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].

Set the dimensions of the paper as described in the next section.

#### **Entering the Width and Length**

Enter the paper size for X Dimension and Y Dimension as shown in the figure.



1 When the unit of measurement is set, press  $\nabla$ . >>X Dimension appears (the paper width setting).

**2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor () appears.





- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value of the figure where the cursor is blinking and display the desired width. Acceptable paper widths are as follows:
  - Cassette: 105 to 216 mm (4.13 to 8.5 inches)
  - Paper Feeder PF-100 (optional): 148 to 216 mm (5.83 to 8.5 inches)
- 4 Display the paper width and press [OK].
- 5 When the width is set, press ∇.>>Y Dimension appears (the paper length setting). Set the desired length in the same way as the width. Acceptable paper lengths are as follows:
  - Cassette: 148 to 356 mm (5.83 to 14.02 inches)
  - Paper Feeder PF-100 (optional): 210 to 356 mm (8.27 to 14.02 inches)
- 6 Display the paper length, press [OK].
- **7** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Cassette (1 to 3) Type (Setting the cassette paper type)

By setting a paper type (plain, recycled, etc.) for the paper cassette, you can automatically select the paper in the paper cassette according to the paper type you command on the printer driver. The default setting is plain paper for all paper cassettes.

If the PF-100 optional paper feeder is installed, use the same procedure to setting the cassette paper type.

For more information about paper types that you can feed from the paper cassette, refer to *Paper Specifications* on page *1-2*.

- **1** Press ▷ while Paper Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Cassette Type appears.

If optional paper feeders are added, Cassette 1 Type will appear for the standard paper cassette and Cassette 2 Type, and Cassette 3 Type will appear for the optional paper feeders.

- 3 To change paper type, press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to display the desired paper type. The message display toggles through the following paper types:

```
PLAIN
PREPRINTED
BOND
RECYCLED
ROUGH
LETTERHEAD
COLOR
PREPUNCHED
HIGH QUALITY
CUSTOM 1 (to 8)
```



>Cassette Type ? PLAIN

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type)

The following describes the procedure used to set a user-defined paper type for the printer. Eight custom user settings may be registered. After having been set, any of these may be called up when setting the paper type for a paper source.

The paper weight and duplex path can be set (refer to **Paper Weight** (Setting the paper weight) on page 2-24, and **Duplex Path (Setting** the duplex path) on page 2-25) after selecting the paper type to be customized as follows. For how to reset the customized settings, refer to **Reset Type Adjust (Resetting the custom paper type)** on page 2-25.

- **1** Press ▷ while Paper Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Type Adjust > appears.
- 3 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to display the desired paper type. The display changes as shown below.

```
PLAIN
TRANSPARENCY
PREPRINTED
LABELS
BOND
RECYCLED
VELLUM
ROUGH
LETTERHEAD
COLOR
PREPUNCHED
ENVELOPE
CARDSTOCK
THICK
HIGH QUALITY
CUSTOM 1 (to 8)
```

- **5** Press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press ▷ and proceed to the next step *Paper Weight* (Setting the paper weight).

#### Paper Weight (Setting the paper weight)

You can set the paper thickness for your custom paper type to be customized. The default setting is Normal 2.

- 1 Display the custom paper type (refer to *Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type)* on page 2-24) and press ▷.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >> Paper Weight appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

>Type Adjust ? PLAIN

>



4 Press △ or ▽ to display the desired paper thickness. The display changes as shown below. For details of the default setting for each paper type, refer to *Paper Specifications* on page *1-2*.

```
Light
Normal 1
Normal 2
Normal 3
Heavy 1
Heavy 2
Heavy 3
Extra Heavy
```

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### Duplex Path (Setting the duplex path)

- 1 Display the custom paper type (refer to *Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type)* on page 2-24) and press ▷.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Duplex Path appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- Select Enable or Disable using △ or ▽. For details of the default setting for each paper type, refer to *Paper Specifications* on page 1-2.
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

The custom paper type setting is completed.

#### Reset Type Adjust (Resetting the custom paper type)

Reset all the custom paper type that was set in *Type Adjust (Creating custom paper type)* on page **2-24**.

- **1** Press ▷ while Paper Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Reset Type Adjust appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press **[OK]** again. All customized paper types will be reset to the default. The display returns to Ready.

>>>Duplex Path ? Enable

>Reset Type Adjust ?

## **Print Settings**

These settings specify printing parameters such as the print quality used for printing (Normal or Fine), the number of copies, reduced printing and the page orientation.

The options available in Print Settings are as follows:

- · Paper Source (Selecting the paper feed source)
- Auto Cass. Change (Auto Cassette Change setting)
- MP Tray Priority (The settings for priority paper feed from the MP tray)
- Paper Feed Mode (Setting the paper feed source)
- Duplex (Duplex printing)
- Override A4/LT (Overriding difference between A4 and Letter)
- Emulation (Setting the emulation)
- · Font Select (Selecting the default font)
- · Code Set (Setting the code set)
- Print Quality (Setting print quality)
- Page Set (Setting pagination)
- Job Name (The Job Name display settings)
- 1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Print Settings > appears.

## Paper Source (Selecting the paper feed source)

You can select the paper source, from which the printer feeds paper as the default. If an optional paper feeder(s) is installed, it is also available for the default paper source.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Paper Source appears.
- **3** To change the current paper feed source, press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to display the desired paper feed source. The message display toggles through the following paper feed sources, depending on the installed optional paper feeders (from the top most paper cassette to the bottom paper cassette):

```
MP tray
Cassette 1
Cassette 2
Cassette 3
```

 $\tt Cassettes \ 2$  and 3 are available for selection when the optional paper feeders are installed.

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

Print Settings

Paper Source ? Cassette 1

## Auto Cass. Change (Auto Cassette Change setting)

You can select the following actions when the paper runs out in the paper source while printing. By default, this feature is On.

Off	The printer displays Load Cassette # (# is a cassette number) or Load MP Tray, and stops printing. Load the paper according to the paper source displayed to resume printing. To print from the other paper cassette, press $\triangle$ or $\nabla$ to display Use alternative?, press $\triangle$ or $\nabla$ to select the desired paper source, and then press [GO].
On	The printer continues printing automatically when the other paper cassette contains the same paper as the currently-used paper cassette.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Auto Cass. Change appears.
- **3** To change the current paper feed source, press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

**Note** You can also configure the Auto Cassette Change in the Command Center RX. Access to the Command Center RX, and then go to **Basic > Defaults > Device Defaults** page. For more information on access to the Command Center RX, refer to the *Command Center RX User Guide*.

# MP Tray Priority (The settings for priority paper feed from the MP tray)

If paper is set in the MP Tray then it is possible for priority to be given to that MP tray in the paper feed. The default setting is Off.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >MP Tray Priority appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to select the desired MP tray priority mode. The list shows the following MP tray priority mode:

Off (The printer driver settings are followed.)

Auto Feed (If Auto is selected in the printer driver and there is paper in the MP tray then the paper feed will be from the MP tray.)

Always (If there is paper in the MP tray then the paper feed will be from the MP tray regardless of what is set in the printer driver.)

5 Press [OK].

>Auto Cass. Change ? On



6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## Paper Feed Mode (Setting the paper feed source)

This mode specifies how the paper should be fed once the paper feed source and paper type have been chosen. If Auto is selected, the printer searches for a paper feed source that matches the paper size and type, and paper is then delivered from that source. If Fixed is selected and there is no matching paper feed source, handling proceeds as specified by Paper Mismatch for Error Handling. For details on paper feeding when Fixed is selected, refer to **Paper Mismatch (Detection settings for paper size/type errors when the paper source is fixed)** on page **2-61**. The default setting is Auto. To change the settings, follow the steps described below.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Paper Feed Mode appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  until Auto or Fixed appears.
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### When the Paper Runs Out During Printing

When Paper Feed Mode is set to Fixed, if the paper in the cassette runs out during printing, Load Cassette 1 is displayed and the printer stands by. In this event, either replenish the paper in the empty cassette or use the procedure below to print from another paper source.

- 1 While Load Cassette 1 is displayed, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until Use alternative? appears.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until the desired paper source and size appears.

Each time you press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ , another paper cassette or the paper size that can currently be fed from the MP tray appears.

**3** Press **[OK]**. Printing continues.

}Paper Feed Mode ? Auto

## **Duplex (Duplex printing)**

Using the duplexer, you can automatically print on both sides of the paper. The duplexer is mounted underneath the printer.

Duplex printing is available for the following paper types:

```
PLAIN
PREPRINTED
BOND
RECYCLED
ROUGH
LETTERHEAD
COLOR
PREPUNCHED
THICK
HIGH QUALITY
```

Activating the duplexer is done by selecting either short edge or long edge binding mode.



Note Duplex printing can be also performed from the MP tray. If the paper to be fed from the MP tray does not match the paper size and paper type of the current paper feed source cassette, a paper jam may occur.

#### **Binding Modes**

Binding refers to the manner in which printed pages of paper are joined together (by gluing, stitching, etc.) in book form. The two possible types of binding are: long-edge binding, in which pages are joined together along their long edge; and short-edge binding, in which they are joined together along their short edge. In selecting a binding type, you must also consider the orientation of the printed page. You can use long-edge or short-edge binding with either landscape or portrait printing.

Depending on the binding type and print orientation, the duplexer provides four types of binding. These are: (1) portrait, long-edge, (2) portrait, short edge, (3) landscape, long-edge, and (4) landscape, shortedge. The figure below shows these binding methods.



4 Press △ or ▽ to display the desired binding mode. The message display toggles through the following:

```
Off (default)
Short edge bind
Long edge bind
```

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Override A4/LT (Overriding difference between A4 and Letter)

When the Override A4/LT is turned On using the operation panel, the printer ignores the difference between A4 and Letter paper sizes. Printing is performed without an error message even if the actual paper size in the current cassette differs from the paper size formatting the job.

By default, this feature is Off.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >0verride A4/LT appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## **Emulation (Setting the emulation)**

You can change the emulation mode for the current interface. Use the procedure below to select the mode.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Emulation > appears on the message display. One of the emulation modes appears, indicating the emulation currently in use.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until the desired emulation mode is displayed.

PCL 6 KPDL KPDL (AUTO) Line Printer IBM Proprinter EPSON LQ-850

**Note** The default setting for North America is KPDL (AUTO) emulation. The default setting for all other regions is PCL 6 emulation.

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



Override A4/LT

? Off

#### Alternative Emulation for KPDL Emulation

KPDL is Kyocera's implementation of the PostScript language. The KPDL (AUTO) emulation enables the printer to automatically change the emulation mode according to the data received when printing.

In addition to KPDL (AUTO) emulation, you can use the operation panel to set another emulation mode that is used very often. The default setting is PCL 6.

- 1 Press [MENU].
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Emulation > appears on the message display.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

>Emulation PCL 6

>Emulation ? KPDL (AUTO)

>>Alt. Emulation PCL 6

**4** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until KPDL (AUTO) appears.

#### 5 Press [OK].

- **6** Press  $\triangleright$ . When >>Alt. Emulation is displayed, press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ . The names of alternative emulations appear - PCL 6, Line Printer, IBM Proprinter **or** EPSON LQ-850.
- **7** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **8** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until the desired alternative emulation appears.
- 9 Press [OK].
- **10** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### Error Report (Printing KPDL errors)

The printer can print error descriptions when printing error occurs during KPDL emulation.



>

Note The default setting for North America is Off. The default setting for all other regions is On.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Emulation > appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

>Emulation PCL 6

>Emulation KPDL (AUTO)

- **4** Select KPDL or KPDL (AUTO) using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ . Press [OK].
- **5** Press ▷. >>Error Report appears.
- **6** Press **[OK]**. A blinking guestion mark (?) appears.

>Font Select

Internal

>> I000

>

- **7** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ . Press [OK].
- 8 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## Font Select (Selecting the default font)

You can select the default font. The default font can be one of the internal fonts or a font that is downloaded to the printer memory.

In this menu, you can also set the type and pitch for Courier and Letter Gothic; as well as to print a font list.

- **1** Press > while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Font Select > appears.

3 To select an internal font, make sure that Internal is displayed and press ▷. The display changes. If Internal is not displayed, press [OK], then press △ or ▽ until it appears.

To select an optional font, press **[OK]** while >Font Select > is displayed. Press  $\triangle$  or  $\bigtriangledown$  repeatedly until Option appears and then press [OK]. Press  $\triangleright$  next to display the font selection shown above. You can perform this operation only when optional fonts are installed in the printer.

The letter before the number indicates the location of the font, as shown below.

- I: Internal font
- S: Soft (downloaded) font
- H: Fonts in RAM disk
- **4** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 5 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until the desired font number appears. For font numbers of the internal fonts, refer to *Print Fonts List* on page 2-15.
- **6** When the desired font is displayed, press **[OK]**.
- 7 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### Selecting Regular or Dark Courier/Letter Gothic

Courier or Letter Gothic font thickness can be selected as Regular or Dark. In the procedure below, it is assumed that Courier is selected. The procedure is the same for Letter Gothic.

- Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Font Select > appears.

**3** Make sure that Internal is displayed and press ▷.

>>?1000

>Font Select Internal >



>>Pitch	10.00 cpi

- **5** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 6 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value at the blinking cursor. The character pitch can be set 0.44 and 99.99 characters per inch, in 0.01 character-per-inch increments. Use ▷ or < to move the cursor right and left.</p>
- 7 When the desired size is displayed, press **[OK]**.
- 8 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## Code Set (Setting the code set)

You can change the character code set. Available character code sets vary depending on the current font. (The default is IBM PC-8.)

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Code Set appears.

>Code Set IBM PC-8

>Code Set ? IBM PC-8

- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  until the desired character code set appears.
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## Print Quality (Setting print quality)

This selects the gloss mode (Low or High) and whether EcoPrint (low-toner printing) is used for printing.

The options available in Print Quality are as follows:

- KIR Mode (Selecting the KIR mode)
- EcoPrint Mode (Selecting the EcoPrint mode)
- Resolution (Selecting the print resolution)
- Print Density (Selecting the print density)
- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Print Quality > appears.

#### KIR Mode (Selecting the KIR mode)

This printer incorporates the KIR (Kyocera Image Refinement) smoothing function. KIR users the software to enhance resolution, resulting in high quality printing at resolution of 600 dpi and 300 dpi. The default is On. KIR has no effect on the printing speed.





with KIR On (default)

- **1** Press ▷ while >Print Quality > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>KIR Mode appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

>Print Quality

>>KIR Mode ? On >

#### **EcoPrint Mode (Selecting the EcoPrint mode)**

By enabling EcoPrint mode, you can minimize the amount of toner used during printing. Because images printed in this mode may be slightly coarser than those printed in standard resolution, you should use EcoPrint for test prints or other situations where high-quality prints are not required.

Use the procedure below to select  $\mathsf{EcoPrint}$  mode. The default setting is  $\mathtt{Off}.$ 

- **1** Press ▷ while >Print Quality > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>EcoPrint Mode appears.
- 3 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **Resolution (Selecting the print resolution)**

You can set the default print resolution in four ways: 300dpi, 600dpi, Fast 1200 mode and Fine 1200 mode. The clarity of printed characters and graphics becomes sharper in this order.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Print Quality > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Resolution appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Select Fine 1200 mode, Fast 1200 mode, 600 dpi or 300 dpi using the  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### Print Density (Selecting the print density)

The print density can be adjusted in five steps: from 01 (light) to 05 (dark). The factory setting is 03.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Print Quality > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Print Density appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

>>Print Density ? 03

- 4 Select the print density from five steps from 01 (light) to 05 (dark) using the  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- **5** Press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>>Resolution

Fast 1200 mode

## Page Set (Setting pagination)

In Page Set menus, you can set the number of copies, page orientation, and other settings regarding pagination.

The options available in Page Set are as follows:

- Copies (Number of copies)
- Orientation (Print orientation)
- LF Action (Linefeed)

>

001

- CR Action (Carriage-Return)
- Wide A4 (Wide A4 pitch)
- XPS FitTo Page (Print area setting for XPS data)
- TIFF/JPEG Size (Print mode setting for TIFF/JPEG files)
- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Page Set > appears.

#### **Copies (Number of copies)**

You can set the number of copies of each page to be printed for the current interface.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Page Set > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Copies appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. The number of copies can be set between 1 and 999. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- **5** When the desired size is displayed, press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **Orientation (Print orientation)**

You can select portrait (upright) or landscape (sideways) page orientation.

Portrait Orientation

Landscape Orientation





- **1** Press ▷ while >Page Set > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Orientation appears.

>Page Set



## >>Orientation ? Portrait

>>LF Action ? LF only

- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Select Portrait or Landscape using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### LF Action (Linefeed)

This procedure instructs the printer what to do when it receives a linefeed code (0AH).

- LF only: Linefeed is performed (Default).
- CR and LF: A linefeed and carriage return are performed.
- Ignore LF: The linefeed is ignored.
- **1** Press ▷ while >Page Set > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>LF Action appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.



- **5** When the desired action is displayed, press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **CR Action (Carriage-Return)**

This procedure instructs the printer what to do when it receives a carriage return code (0DH).

- CR only: A carriage-return is performed (Default).
- CR and LF: A linefeed and carriage return are performed.
- Ignore CR: The carriage-return is ignored.
- **1** Press ▷ while >Page Set > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>CR Action appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- **4** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\bigtriangledown$  repeatedly until the desired carriage-return appears.
- **5** When the desired action is displayed, press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



#### Wide A4 (Wide A4 pitch)

Turn this to On to increase the maximum number of characters that can be printed in a line for an A4 page (78 characters at 10 pitch) and Letter size page (80 characters at 10 pitch). This setting is only effective in PCL 6 emulation.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Page Set > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Wide A4 appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- **6** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### XPS FitTo Page (Print area setting for XPS data)

Select on in this setting to enlarge or reduce XPS files to fit the printable area during printing.

- **1** Press ▷ while > Page Set > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>XPS FitTo Page appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### TIFF/JPEG Size (Print mode setting for TIFF/JPEG files)

Use this setting to select the printing method used when TIFF or JPEG files are printed directly. The default setting is <code>Paper Size</code>.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Page Set > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>TIFF/JPEG Size appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until the desired print mode is displayed. The list shows the following print modes:

Paper Size (scaled to fit the paper size)

Images are resized so that they fill the paper size when printed.

Image Resolution (matched to the image resolution)

Image files are printed at the resolution specified in the resolution information. Images with no resolution information are printed using the Paper Size setting.

Print Resolution (matched to the print resolution)



>>XPS	FitTo	Page	
? Off			

>>TIFF/JPEG Size ? Paper Size

Images are printed using a 1-to-1 correspondence between the image file pixels and printed dots. For example, the printed size of a  $600 \times 300$ -pixel image file is 1 inch × 1/2 inch.

5 Press [OK].



6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



**Note** Images are automatically rotated during printing to provide a closer match between the aspect ratios of the image file and the paper used for printing.

## Job Name (The Job Name display settings)

Set whether the job name set in the printer driver is displayed.

- **1** Press ▷ while Print Settings > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Job Name appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

**4** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to display the job name to be used.

- Off
- Job Name (Use the job name set in the printer driver.)
- Job No.+Job Name
- Job Name+Job No.
- 5 When the desired job name is displayed, press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



## **Network (Network settings)**

This printer supports TCP/IP and TCP/IP (IPv6) protocols.

IP is an abbreviation for Internet Protocol. This printer routinely uses the TCP/IP (IPv4) protocol, but provides a separate setting for the next-generation IP, IPv6.

TCP/IP (IPv4) uses 32-bit IP addresses, but the rapid growth in the number of Internet users has resulted in a shortage of IP addresses. IPv6 was developed to expand the range of available IP addresses by using 128-bit IP addresses.

The options available in the Network settings are as follows:

- TCP/IP (IPv4 settings)
- TCP/IP (IPv6) (IPv6 settings)
- · Protocol Detail (Detailed settings for the network protocol)
- Restart Network (Restarting the network card)

**Note** Check with your network administrator when selecting the network setting. After all network related settings have been done, restart the network. Refer to **Restart Network (Restarting the network card)** on page **2-49**. This is mandatory to make the settings effective!

When Command Center RX is used, network parameters and security settings can be conveniently changed and checked from your PC. For more information, refer to the *Command Center RX User Guide*.

1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Network > appears.

## TCP/IP (IPv4 settings)

This selects the settings for TCP/IP (IPv4).

The TCP/IP system refers to the Internet system, which has a 5-layer structure consisting of the interface layer, link layer, network (IP) layer, transport (TCP/UDP) layer and application layer.

The interface layer is a key layer in the TCP/IP system that provides an abstracted interface that is not dependent on the link (communication line: frame relay or Ethernet, etc.) to the IP module (IP layer). This means that the IP module can use this abstracted interface (which is not dependent on the link type) to exchange IP packets back and forth with the link layer.

The options available in the TCP/IP (IPv4) settings are as follows:

- DHCP (DHCP setting)
- Auto-IP (Auto-IP setting)
- IP Address (IP address setting)
- Subnet Mask (Subnet mask setting)
- Gateway (Gateway setting)
- Bonjour (Bonjour setting)

Network

**IMPORTANT** The DHCP, IP address, subnet mask, gateway and Bonjour menu options for TCP/IP are displayed when TCP/IP is enabled.

- **1** Press ▷ while Network > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >TCP/IP > appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select on or off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- **5** Select On and press **[OK]**. Configure the settings shown below.

#### **DHCP (DHCP setting)**

>

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) is the protocol that assigns the information required to establish a network connection when a host attempts to connect to the network (Internet). This information includes the IP address of the local node and the default router (the router in the host's own network system) and the DNS (Domain Name System) server. DHCP is an extension of the BOOTP (Bootstrap) startup protocol.

- **1** Press ▷ while >TCP/IP On > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>DHCP appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### Auto-IP (Auto-IP setting)

This protocol is used for automatic assignment of an IP address when you connect to a small network that does not have a DHCP server. Select an address from the range 169.254.0.1 to 169.254.255.254, and if no other device on the network is using that address, it is used as your address.

- **1** Press  $\triangleright$  while >TCP/IP On > or >TCP/IP Off > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Auto-IP appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>TCP/IP

Off

>>Auto-IP ? Off

#### IP Address (IP address setting)

An IP address is the address of a network device such as a computer and is included in IP packets as needed for the sending and receiving of Internet data (IP packets). (IP addresses can be either destination addresses or source addresses.)

Specifically, an IP address is a bit string consisting of a host address (or host section) that identifies a computer connected to the Internet and a network address (or network section) that identifies the network to which that computer belongs (or more specifically, the computer's network interface). Bit strings (IP addresses) that are unique throughout the entire Internet system are allocated to each computer or interface.

The IP addresses currently used on the Internet (IPv4) have a fixed length of 32 bits.

**Note** When you enter the IP address, be sure to set the DHCP setting to Off.

- **1** Press ▷ while >TCP/IP On > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>IP Address appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor () appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. You can set any value between 000 and 255. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- 5 Display the desired IP address and press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### Subnet Mask (Subnet mask setting)

The subnet mask is a way of augmenting the network address section of an IP address.

A subnet mask represents all network address sections as 1 and all host address sections as 0. The number of bits in the prefix indicates the length of the network address. The term "prefix" refers to something added to the beginning and, in this context, indicates the first section of the IP address.

When an IP address is written, the length of the network address can indicated by the prefix length after a forward slash (/). For example, "24" in the address "133.210.2.0/24". In this way, "133.210.2.0/24" denotes the IP address "133.210.2.0" with a 24-bit prefix (network section).

This new network address section (originally part of the host address) made possible by the subnet mask is referred to as the subnet address.

**Note** When you enter the subnet mask, be sure to set the DHCP setting to Off.

- **1** Press ▷ while >TCP/IP On > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Subnet Mask appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.

>>IP Address 000.000.000.000

>>Subnet Mask 000.000.000.000

- 4 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. You can set any value between 000 and 255. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- **5** Display the desired subnet mask and press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **Gateway (Gateway setting)**

Gateway generally refers to a protocol conversion device used to allow networks with differing protocol systems to interconnect.

For example, a "Gateway" device is required to connect a different closed network (using its own protocols) to the open Internet (using TCP/IP).

By installing a gateway, the communications protocols and data display modes on different networks can be made compatible.

On TCP/IP networks, the term gateway is used to refer to routers.

**Note** Before you input the gateway, be sure to set the DHCP setting to Off.

- **1** Press ▷ while >TCP/IP On > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Gateway appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. You can set any value between 000 and 255. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- **5** Display the desired gateway and press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **Bonjour (Bonjour setting)**

Bonjour, also known as zero-configuration networking, is a service that automatically detects computers, devices and services on an IP network.

Bonjour, because an industry-standard IP protocol is used, allows devices to automatically recognize each other without an IP address being specified or DNS server being set.

Bonjour also sends and receives network packets by UDP port 5353. If a firewall is enabled, the user must check that UDP port 5353 is left open so that Bonjour will run correctly. Some firewalls are set up so as to reject only certain Bonjour packets. If Bonjour does not run stably, check the firewall settings and ensure that Bonjour is registered on the exceptions list and that Bonjour packets are accepted. If you install Bonjour on Windows XP Service Pack 2 or later, the Windows firewall will be set up correctly for Bonjour.

- **1** Press ▷ while >TCP/IP On > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Bonjour appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.

>>Gateway 000.000.000.000



>Bonjour Off

- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### TCP/IP (IPv6) (IPv6 settings)

This selects the settings for TCP/IP (IPv6).

TCP/IP (IPv6) is based on the current Internet protocol, TCP/IP (IPv4). IPv6 is the next-generation Internet protocol and expands the available address space, which resolves the problem of the lack of addresses under IPv4, while also introducing other improvements such as additional security functionality and the capacity to prioritize data transmission.

The options available in the TCP/IP (IPv6) settings are as follows:

- RA (Stateless) (RA (Stateless) setting)
- DHCPv6 (DHCPv6 setting)

**IMPORTANT** The RA (Stateless) and DHCPv6 menu options for TCP/IP (IPv6) are displayed when TCP/IP (IPv6) is enabled.

- **1** Press ▷ while Network > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >TCP/IP (IPv6) > appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- **5** Select On and press **[OK]**. Configure the settings shown below.

#### RA (Stateless) (RA (Stateless) setting)

The IPv6 router communicates (transmits) information such as the global address prefix using ICMPv6. This information is the Router Advertisement (RA).

ICMPv6 stands for Internet Control Message Protocol, and is a IPv6 standard defined in the RFC 2463 "Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMPv6) for the Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6) Specification".

- **1** Press ▷ while >TCP/IP (IPv6) On > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>RA(Stateless) appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

>TCP/IP (IPv6) >
? Off

>>RA(Stateless)

? Off

#### DHCPv6 (DHCPv6 setting)

DHCPv6 is the next-generation of the Internet's Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol and supports IPv6. It extends the BOOTP startup protocol that defines the protocols used for transferring configuration information to hosts on the network.

DHCPv6 permits the DHCP server to use its expanded functionality to send configuration parameters to an IPv6 node. Because the network addresses that can be used are allocated automatically, the IPv6 node management workload is reduced in systems where the administrator has to exercise close control over IP address allocation.

- **1** Press ▷ while >TCP/IP (IPv6) On > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>DHCPv6 appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Protocol Detail (Detailed settings for the network protocol)

This selects the settings for Protocol Detail.

The options available in the Protocol Detail settings are as follows:

- NetBEUI (NetBEUI setting)
- SNMPv3 (SNMPv3 setting)
- FTP (Server) (FTP (Server) setting)
- SNMP (SNMP setting)
- SMTP (SMTP setting)
- POP3 (POP3 setting)
- RAW Port (RAW Port setting)
- LPD (LPD setting)
- HTTP (HTTP setting)
- **1** Press ▷ while Network > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until > Protocol Detail > appears.

#### NetBEUI (NetBEUI setting)

Selects whether or not to receive documents using NetBEUI.

- **1** Press ▷ while > Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>NetBEUI appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- \_\_\_\_\_
  - 4 Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
  - 5 Press [OK].

>>DHCPv6 ? Off

> >>NetBEUI ? On

6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### SNMPv3 (SNMPv3 setting)

Set SNMPv3.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>SNMPv3 appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select on or off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
  - 5 Press [OK].
  - 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### FTP (Server) (FTP (Server) setting)

Select whether or not to receive documents using FTP.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>FTP (Server) appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### SNMP (SNMP setting)

Select whether or not to communicate using SNMP.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>SNMP appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select on or off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### SMTP (SMTP setting)

Select whether or not to send email using SMTP.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>SMTP appears.



>SNMPv3 Off

>>SNMP ? On

## >>SMTP ? Off

≥>POP3 ? Off

- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### POP3 (POP3 setting)

Select whether or not to receive email using POP3.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>POP3 appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **RAW Port (RAW Port setting)**

Select whether or not to communicate using RAW Port.

- **1** Press ▷ while > Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>RAW Port appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### LPD (LPD setting)

Select whether or not to receive documents using LPD as the network protocol.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>LPD appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- \_\_\_\_\_
- 4 Select on or off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- **5** Press **[OK]**.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



}>LPD ? On

#### HTTP (HTTP setting)

Select whether or not to communicate using HTTP.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Protocol Detail > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>HTTP appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.



- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **Restart Network (Restarting the network card)**

After all network related settings have been done, restart the network card of the device. This is mandatory to make the settings effective.

- **1** Press ▷ while Network > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Restart Network appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.

>Restart Network ?

4 Press [OK] again. The message Restarting... Please wait. appears and the network is restarted.

## **Optional Network (Optional Network settings)**

This selects the settings for the optional network interface kit (IB-50) or wireless network interface kit (IB-51).



**Note** This is only displayed when a network interface kit (IB-50) or wireless network interface kit (IB-51) is installed as an option.

Refer to the *IB-51 User's Manual* for information on the wireless network settings. Manual setting from the printer is not supported on this device.

The options available in the Optional Network settings are as follows:

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- TCP/IP (IPv4 settings)
- TCP/IP (IPv6) (IPv6 settings)
- Netware (NetWare setting)
- AppleTalk (AppleTalk setting)
- IPSec (IPSec setting)
- LAN Interface (LAN Interface setting)
- MACAddressFilter (MAC address filtering setting)
- · Communication (Select the network interface to use)
- · Restart Network (Restarting the optional network interface kit)
- 1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Optional Network > appears.

#### ID (Administrator ID input)

To use the Optional Network function, you must enter an administrator ID. For information on how to set the administrator ID, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page *2-81*.

- **1** Press ▷ while Optional Network > is displayed.
- **2** The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor (\_).
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.
- 4 Press **[OK]**. Proceed to the next step *Password* (Administrator *Password input*).

#### Password (Administrator Password input)

To set up the Optional Network functions, you must enter an administrator ID and administrator password. For information on how to set the administrator password, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page *2-81*.



Optional Network

Password

- 1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor ().
- 2 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 (no settings) and 16 numbers.

**Note** If you enter the incorrect administrator ID or password, the message Wrong ID or Wrong Password appears and the input screen then reappears. Re-enter the ID or password correctly.

**3** Press **[OK]**. The Security screen appears.

## TCP/IP (IPv4 settings)

This selects the settings for TCP/IP (IPv4). The method for setting is the same as for the standard Network settings. For details, refer to **TCP/IP** (IPv4 settings) on page 2-41.

## TCP/IP (IPv6) (IPv6 settings)

This selects the settings for TCP/IP (IPv6). The method for setting is the same as for the standard Network settings. For details, refer to *TCP/IP* (*IPv6*) (*IPv6* settings) on page 2-45.

## Netware (NetWare setting)

NetWare is a PC-based network operating system specifically for servers. NetWare is a client-server system that operates by installing the NetWare OS on the server and dedicated client modules (NetWare clients) on the client machines (running MS-DOS, OS/2, Windows, etc.). The basic network layer protocol used is NetWare's own IPX (Internetwork Packet eXchange)/SPX (Sequenced Packet eXchange), but the system also supports TCP/IP.

The feature of the NetWare OS is that it is specifically for servers, unlike general-purpose operating systems such as Windows NT and UNIX. Only the minimum required for server operation can be performed from the NetWare OS console on the server. Server and file management is basically carried out using management tools from the clients. Also, all drivers and protocol stacks are in the form of modules called NetWare Loadable Modules (NLMs), and the ability of NLMs to load and unload flexibly and dynamically is a major advantage of this system.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Netware appears.
- 2 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether NetWare is enabled.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



## AppleTalk (AppleTalk setting)

AppleTalk is a communications protocol used primarily on Macintosh computers and also refers to the Mac OS network functions.

AppleTalk assigns 24-bit network addresses (a 16-bit network section and an 8-bit node address) that are used to identify devices (computers, printers, etc.) on the network.

When the power is turned on, a broadcast signal is sent out onto the network and the addresses and machine names are automatically assigned. The default setting is On.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >AppleTalk appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether AppleTalk is enabled.
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## **IPSec (IPSec setting)**

IPSec (IP Security Protocol) is a security protocol adopted as the standard by the IETF for authentication and encryption in the third network layer (IP layer).

It can be used with both IPv4 and IPv6.



**Note** IPv4 uses 32-bit IP addresses and IPv6 uses 128-bit IP addresses.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >IPSec appears.
- 2 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether IPSec is enabled.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### LAN Interface (LAN Interface setting)

Specify the settings for the LAN interface to be used. The default setting is  ${\tt Auto}.$ 

**Note** LAN Interface is only displayed when the optional network interface kit (IB-50) is installed.

After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >LAN Interface appears.

}IPSec ? Off

>AppleTalk ? On
>LAN Interface ? Auto

- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to select the desired LAN Interface. The available LAN Interface are as follows:

```
Auto
10BASE-Half
10BASE-Full
100BASE-Half
100BASE-Full
1000BASE-T
```

- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# MACAddressFilter (MAC address filtering setting)

This sets whether or not to enable MAC address filtering.

**Note** The detailed settings for MAC address filtering are selected using the optional network interface kit utility software.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >MACAddressFilter appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

**3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether MAC address filtering is enabled.

- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Communication (Select the network interface to use)

Select the interface to be used for network connection.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ∇ repeatedly until >Communication appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to select the desired NIC. Standard NIC (standard network interface of the printer) Option NIC (optional network interface kit)
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

AMACAddressFilter

>Communication
? Standard NIC

# **Restart Network (Restarting the optional network interface kit)**

After all network related settings have been done, restart the network card of the device. This is mandatory to make the settings effective.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Restart Network appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.

>Restart Network ?

**3** Press [OK] again. The message Restarting... Please wait. appears and the network is restarted.

# Device Common (Selecting/Setting the common device)

Selects/sets all the functions in this printer.

The options available in Device Common are as follows:

- Message Language (Selecting the message language)
- Date Setting (Date and time settings)
- Buzzer (Alarm (Buzzer) setting)
- RAM Disk Mode (Using the RAM disk)
- Error Handling (Error detection setting)
- Timer (Timer setting)
- Sleep Level Set. (Sleep level setting)
- · TonerAlert Level (Setting for the alert level for toner addition)
- 1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Device Common > appears.

Device Common

# Message Language (Selecting the message language)

You can select the language of the message display by following the procedure given below. You can optionally download messages in other languages. Contact your service technician for information.

- **1** Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Message Language appears. The default message language is English.
- **3** To change the language, press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽. The display cycles through the available selection in the following order:
  - English Français Deutsch Italiano Nederlands Español Русский Português
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

>Message Language ? English

# Date Setting (Date and time settings)

Set the date and time.

The date and time settings consist of the following items:

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- Date (date setting)
- Time (time setting)
- Date Format (date format selection)
- Time Zone (time difference setting)
- Summer Time (summer time setting)
- **1** Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Date Setting > appears.

### ID (Administrator ID input)

To use the Date settings, you must enter an administrator ID. For information on how to set the administrator ID, refer to *Administrator* (*Administrator settings*) on page **2-81**.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Date Setting > is displayed.
- **2** The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor (\_).
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.
- 4 Press **[OK]**. Proceed to the next step *Password* (Administrator *Password input*).

#### Password (Administrator Password input)

To set up the Date settings, you must enter an administrator ID and administrator password. For information on how to set the administrator password, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page 2-81.

- 1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor ().
- 2 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 (no settings) and 16 numbers.



**Note** If you enter the incorrect administrator ID or password, the message Wrong ID or Wrong Password appears and the input screen then reappears. Re-enter the ID or password correctly.

>Date Setting

>

Password

ID

3 Press [OK]. The Date settings screen appears.

### Date (date setting)

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Date (Year/Mon/Day) appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 3 Use the arrow keys to set the year, month, and day. Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.

**Note** The order in which the year, month, and day appear varies depending on the **Date Format (date format selection)** on page **2-57**.

- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### Time (time setting)

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Time (Hour:Min:Sec) appears.
- 2 Press [OK]. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### **Date Format (date format selection)**

One of three formats can be selected for the date format.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Date Format appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to select Date Format. The following date formats can be selected:

Month/Day/Year

Day/Month/Year

Year/Month/Day

- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>>1	lir	ne	(H	our	Min	:Sec)
11	:	19	:	21		

>>Date Format

? Month/Day/Year

2-57

### Time Zone (time difference setting)

Set the time difference from GMT.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ∇ repeatedly until >>Time zone appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select the location.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### Summer Time (summer time setting)

Set summer time.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Summer Time appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether the summer time is enabled.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Buzzer (Alarm (Buzzer) setting)

This function uses tones to notify the user of printer operations and the printer status. This setting is useful, for example, when the printer is located some distance from the user.

The options available in Buzzer are as follows:

- Key Confirm. (Key confirmation tone setting)
- Job End (Job completed tone setting)
- Ready (Preparation completed tone setting)
- Error (Error tone setting)

>

- **1** Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Buzzer > appears.

### Key Confirm. (Key confirmation tone setting)

When On is selected in this setting, a tone sounds each time a key is used. The default setting is On.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Buzzer > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Key Confirmation appears.

# >>Time zone ? -05:00 Estn Time

>>Summer Time ? Off

>Buzzer

>>Key	Confirmation
? On	

}>Job End ? Off



>>Error ? On

3	Press [OK]. A	blinking	question	mark (	(?)	appears.
---	---------------	----------	----------	--------	-----	----------

- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### Job End (Job completed tone setting)

When  ${\tt On}$  is selected in this setting, a tone sounds when printing ends. The default setting is <code>Off</code>.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Buzzer > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Job End appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### Ready (Preparation completed tone setting)

When On is selected in this setting, a tone sounds when print preparation has been completed. The default setting is Off.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Buzzer > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Ready appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### **Error (Error tone setting)**

When On is selected in this setting, a tone sounds when a problem such as running out of paper or a paper jam occurs during printing. The default setting is On.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Buzzer > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Error appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# RAM Disk Mode (Using the RAM disk)

The RAM disk is a memory space shared within the printer memory that can temporarily store print jobs. The stored print job can then be used to print multiple copies of the job reducing the total amount of time required to print the whole job.

To use the RAM disk, activate and enter the desired size of the RAM disk in the manner described below. The maximum RAM disk size can be calculated as follows:

When the RAM disk is activated = The maximum RAM disk size is 16 MB (when no options are attached)

When the optional memory is installed = The maximum RAM disk size is 1/2 of the total optional memory installed

To activate RAM disk in the printer's memory, first you must set the RAM disk mode to On and set the desired data size for the RAM disk as described in the following section. This allows you to perform the following operations on the RAM disk.



**Note** The RAM disk is an allocated part of the printer's memory.

**IMPORTANT** The RAM disk stores data only temporarily. When the printer is reset or turned off, the stored data will be erased.

The RAM disk is allocated from the printer memory available to users. If the size of the RAM disk is set too large, the printing speed may decrease or the memory may become insufficient.

- **1** Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >RAM Disk Mode > appears.
- 3 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### RAM Disk Size (Setting the RAM disk size)

Use this procedure to set the amount of memory used for the RAM disk.

**IMPORTANT** The RAM Disk Size menu option only appears when RAM Disk Mode is set to On.

- **1** Press > while > RAM Disk Mode On > is displayed.

This range varies depending on the total memory size of the printer.

- **3** When the desired RAM disk size is displayed, press **[OK]**.
- 4 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready. Turn the printer off and then on again. The selected RAM disk size is activated after the printer is restarted.

>RAM Disk Mode > ? On

>>RAM Disk Size

016 MByte

# Error Handling (Error detection setting)

This specifies the settings for the detection methods used for duplex printing errors and for paper size and paper type errors when the paper source is fixed.

The options available in Error Handling are as follows:

- Duplex (Duplex printing error detection setting)
- Paper Mismatch (Detection settings for paper size/type errors when the paper source is fixed)
- MP Tray Empty (Warning when the MP tray is empty)
- **1** Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Error Handling > appears.

### **Duplex (Duplex printing error detection setting)**

If the error detection setting for duplex printing has been turned On, and you attempt to print onto a paper size and paper type that cannot be used for duplex printing, the Duplex disabled Press GO error message will be displayed and printing will stop.

On	<ul> <li>To print onto one-side of the paper only when this message is displayed, press [GO].</li> <li>Press [Cancel] to cancel the printing itself.</li> </ul>
Off	To print onto one-side of the paper.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Error Handling > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Duplex appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Paper Mismatch (Detection settings for paper size/type errors when the paper source is fixed)

Turn this setting to Off if you want to continue printing even if the paper size or type you specified is different from the fixed paper source, or turn it to On to have the paper feed error displayed.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Error Handling > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Paper Mismatch appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

**4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .

>Error Handling

>



On

>>Paper Mismatch

- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### MP Tray Empty (Warning when the MP tray is empty)

Turn this setting to on if you want the error displayed when the MP tray is configured as the default paper source, and there is no paper in the MP tray, or turn it to <code>off</code> not to have the error displayed.

The setting  $\ensuremath{\text{on}}$  enables the paper-empty message to display when the MP tray is empty.

- **1** Press > while > Error Handling > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>MP Tray Empty appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# **Timer (Timer setting)**

This specifies timer-related settings such as the automatic form-feed timeout and the timeout settings for Sleep timer.

The options available in Timer are as follows:

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- Auto Panel Reset (Auto panel reset settings)
- · Panel Reset Timer (Setting the panel reset timer)
- Low Power Timer (Low Power Mode timer timeout time)
- Sleep Timer (Sleep timer timeout time)
- Auto Error Clear (Auto error clear setting)
- Error Clear Timer (Setting the error clear time)
- Form Feed Time Out (Automatic form feed timeout setting)
- 1 Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Timer > appears.

#### ID (Administrator ID input)

>

To use the Timer settings, you must enter an administrator ID. For information on how to set the administrator ID, refer to *Administrator* (*Administrator settings*) on page **2-81**.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Timer > is displayed.
- **2** The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor (\_).



>Timer

>>MP Tray Empty

? On

- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.
- 4 Press **[OK]**. Proceed to the next step *Password* (Administrator *Password input*).

# Password (Administrator Password input)

To set up the Timer settings, you must enter an administrator ID and administrator password. For information on how to set the administrator password, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page 2-81.

- 1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor ().
- 2 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 (no settings) and 16 numbers.

**Note** If you enter the incorrect administrator ID or password, the message Wrong ID or Wrong Password appears and the input screen then reappears. Re-enter the ID or password correctly.

**3** Press **[OK]**. The Timer settings screen appears.

# Auto Panel Reset (Auto panel reset settings)

The Auto Panel Reset function automatically restores the default settings if the panel is not used for a set time. The default setting is on.

For setting the time until the panel is reset, refer to the next section *Panel Reset Timer (Setting the panel reset timer)*.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Auto Panel Reset appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Panel Reset Timer (Setting the panel reset timer)

When Auto Panel Reset is set to On, this sets the time until the panel is automatically reset after the user stops using the panel. The default time is 90 seconds.

1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Panel Reset Timer appears.

Password	
T)	



>>Low	Power	Timer	

>>Sleep Timer

015 min.

005 min.

>>Panel Reset Timer

090sec.

- **2** Press **[OK]**. The message display shows a blinking cursor ( ).
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value at the blinking cursor and set the desired time. The time must be set between 005 and 495 seconds, in 5-second increments. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### Low Power Timer (Low Power Mode timer timeout time)

You can adjust the length of time the printer waits before entering Low Power Mode in the absence of a print job.

The printer reverts to normal operation mode when the printer receives a print job or **[GO]** is pressed on the operation panel. The default time is 1 minute.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Low Power Timer appears.
- 2 To change the timeout time, press [OK]. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value at the blinking cursor and set the desired time. The timer can be set between 1 and 120 min (for Europe) or 1 and 240 min (except for Europe). Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### Sleep Timer (Sleep timer timeout time)

You can adjust the length of time the printer waits before entering Auto Sleep in the absence of data.

The printer reverts to normal operation mode when the printer receives a print job, or **[GO]** is pressed on the operation panel. The default time is 15 minutes (for Europe) and 1 minute (except for Europe).

**Note** Calibration is automatically executed before the printer reverts to normal operation mode.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Sleep Timer appears.
- **2** To change the timeout time, press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value at the blinking cursor and set the desired time. The timer can be set between 1 and 120 min (for Europe) or 1 and 240 min (except for Europe). Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- 4 Press [OK].



**5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### Auto Error Clear (Auto error clear setting)

If an error that still allows you to continue printing occurs, the next received data is automatically printed after a set period of time elapses. For example, if the printer is shared over a network as a network printer and one person causes one of the above errors, after the set period of time elapses, the data sent from the next person is printed. The default setting is <code>Off</code> (Auto Error Clear disabled).

The auto clear errors are:

- Memory overflow Press GO
- KPDL error ## Press GO
- RAM disk error## Press GO
- Duplex disabled Press GO
- Job not stored Press GO  $\,$
- No multi copies Press GO
- USB memory error ## Press GO

For setting the auto error clear recovery time, refer to the next section *Error Clear Timer (Setting the error clear time)*.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Timer > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Auto Error Clear appears.
- 3 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **Error Clear Timer (Setting the error clear time)**

If Auto Error Clear is set to On and a non-fatal error (an error that allows printing to continue) occurs, this setting specifies the time until the error is recovered and printing resumes.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Timer > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Error Clear Timer appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value at the blinking cursor and set the desired time. The time must be set between 005 and 495 seconds, in 5-second increments. You can use <| and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>>Auto Error Clear

Off

### Form Feed Time Out (Automatic form feed timeout setting)

If the printer receives no data for a certain period, it will time out and release the current interface. It prints whatever data it has in its buffer and feeds out the page. The default form feed timeout time is 30 seconds.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Timer > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Form Feed Time Out appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking cursor (\_) appears.
- 4 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value at the blinking cursor and set the desired time. The timeout time can be between 5 and 495 seconds, in 5-second increments. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

## Sleep Level Set. (Sleep level setting)

### **For Europe**

This sets whether or not the machine enters sleep mode when connected to a network.

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- Network (Setting for entering sleep mode when connected to a network)
- USB Cable (Setting for entering sleep mode when connected to a USB)
- RAM Disk (Setting for entering sleep mode when using the RAM disk)
- **1** Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Sleep Level Set. > appears.

### ID (Administrator ID input)

To use the Sleep Level settings, you must enter an administrator ID. For information on how to set the administrator ID, refer to *Administrator* (*Administrator settings*) on page 2-81.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Sleep Level Set. > is displayed.
- **2** The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor ( ).
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.

>>Form Feed Time Out 00<u>5</u>sec.

>

>Sleep Level Set.

ΙD

4 Press **[OK]**. Proceed to the next step *Password* (Administrator *Password input*).

#### Password (Administrator Password input)

To set up the Sleep Level settings, you must enter an administrator ID and administrator password. For information on how to set the administrator password, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page *2-81*.

- 1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor ().
- 2 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 (no settings) and 16 numbers.



correctly.

**3** Press **[OK]**. The Sleep Level settings screen appears.

# Network (Setting for entering sleep mode when connected to a network)

This sets whether or not the machine enters sleep mode when connected to a network.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Network appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# USB Cable (Setting for entering sleep mode when connected to a USB)

This sets whether or not the machine enters sleep mode when connected to a USB.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>USB Cable appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

**3** Select on or off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .

- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>>Network ? On

>>USB Cable

On



# RAM Disk (Setting for entering sleep mode when using the RAM disk)

This sets whether or not the machine enters sleep mode when using the RAM disk.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>RAM Disk appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### **Except for Europe**

Select the sleep level.

The options available in Sleep Level Set. are as follows:

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- Sleep Level (Sleep level setting)
- Network (Setting for entering energy-saving mode when connected to a network)
- USB Cable (Setting for entering energy-saving mode when connected to a USB)
- RAM Disk (Setting for entering energy-saving mode when using the RAM disk)

**Note** Network, USB Cable and RAM Disk are only displayed when Sleep Level is set to Energy Saver.

- **1** Press ▷ while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Sleep Level Set. > appears.

### ID (Administrator ID input)

To use the Sleep Level settings, you must enter an administrator ID. For information on how to set the administrator ID, refer to *Administrator* (*Administrator settings*) on page **2-81**.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Sleep Level Set. > is displayed.
- **2** The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor ( ).

3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.

4 Press **[OK]**. Proceed to the next step *Password* (Administrator *Password input*).



>Sleep Level Set. >

ID.

### Password (Administrator Password input)

To set up the Sleep Level settings, you must enter an administrator ID and administrator password. For information on how to set the administrator password, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page *2-81*.

- 1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor ().
- 2 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 (no settings) and 16 numbers.

**Note** If you enter the incorrect administrator ID or password, the message Wrong ID or Wrong Password appears and the input screen then reappears. Re-enter the ID or password correctly.

**3** Press **[OK]**. The Sleep Level settings screen appears.

### Sleep Level (Sleep level setting)

There are two sleep modes with different levels of sleep: Quick Recovery and Energy Saver.

**Quick Recovery Mode**: The recovery from the sleep mode is faster than when using Energy Saver mode.

**Energy Saver Mode**: This makes it possible to reduce energy consumption even further than with Quick Recovery mode. With Energy Saver mode, you can set whether to enable the Energy Saver mode for each separate function.



**Note** For information on the Quick Recovery mode and Energy Saver mode, refer to the *Connecting and Printing* section in the *Operation Guide*.

Sleep Level Set. menu is not displayed when the optional network interface kit (IB-50) or wireless network interface kit (IB-51) has been installed.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Sleep Level appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- >>Sleep Level ? Energy Saver
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select Quick Recovery or Energy Saver.
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Network (Setting for entering energy-saving mode when connected to a network)

This sets whether or not the machine enters Energy Saver mode when connected to a network.

After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Network appears.

Password

- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# USB Cable (Setting for entering energy-saving mode when connected to a USB)

This sets whether or not the machine enters sleep mode when connected to a USB.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>USB Cable appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# RAM Disk (Setting for entering energy-saving mode when using the RAM disk)

This sets whether or not the machine enters sleep mode when using the RAM disk.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>RAM Disk appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>>RAM Disk ? On

# TonerAlert Level (Setting for the alert level for toner addition)

This sets the toner addition alert level displayed on the status monitor.

The options available in TonerAlert Level are as follows:

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- Off/On

>

- TonerAlert Level (Setting for the alert level for toner addition)
- **1** Press > while Device Common > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >TonerAlert Level > appears.

# ID (Administrator ID input)

To use the TonerAlert Level settings, you must enter an administrator ID. For information on how to set the administrator ID, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page **2-81**.

- **1** Press ▷ while >TonerAlert Level > is displayed.
- **2** The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor (\_).
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.
- 4 Press **[OK]**. Proceed to the next step *Password* (Administrator *Password input*).

# Password (Administrator Password input)

To set up the TonerAlert Level settings, you must enter an administrator ID and administrator password. For information on how to set the administrator password, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page *2-81*.

- 1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor (\_).
- 2 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 (no settings) and 16 numbers.



**Note** If you enter the incorrect administrator ID or password, the message Wrong ID or Wrong Password appears and the input screen then reappears. Re-enter the ID or password correctly.

**3** Press **[OK]**. The TonerAlert Level settings screen appears.

>TonerAlert Level

ID



## Off/On (Setting toner addition notifications)

Select whether Toner Alert Level is enabled.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>0ff/on appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### TonerAlert Level (Setting for the alert level for toner addition)

This sets the level at which toner addition alerts will be displayed.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>TonerAlert Level appears.
- 2 Press [OK]. A blinking cursor () appears.
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease the value at the blinking cursor and set the level at which an alert will be displayed. The setting is possible between 005 and 100%. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left.
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>>TonerAlert Level

005 %

# **Security**

The security functions can be set up to protect printer operation and the print data.

The options available in Security are as follows:

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- I/F Block (Interface (external device) block setting)
- WSD-PRINT (WSD-PRINT setting)
- Enhanced WSD (Enhanced WSD setting)
- EnhancedWSD(SSL) (Enhanced WSD (SSL) setting)
- IPP (IPP setting)
- SSL Server (SSL Server setting)
- IPSec (IPSec setting)
- LAN Interface (LAN Interface setting)
- Security Level (Security Level setting)



>

**Note** When Command Center RX is used, network parameters and security settings can be conveniently changed and checked from your PC. For more information, refer to the *Command Center RX User Guide*.

- 1 Press [MENU].
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Security > appears.

# ID (Administrator ID input)

To use the Security function, you must enter an administrator ID. For information on how to set the administrator ID, refer to *Administrator* (*Administrator settings*) on page **2-81**.

- **1** Press ▷ while Security > is displayed.
- 2 The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor (\_).
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.
- 4 Press **[OK]**. Proceed to the next step *Password* (Administrator *Password input*).

# **Password (Administrator Password input)**

To set up the Security functions, you must enter an administrator ID and administrator password. For information on how to set the administrator password, refer to *Administrator (Administrator settings)* on page 2-81.

Security



- 1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor ().
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 (no settings) and 16 numbers.



**Note** If you enter the incorrect administrator ID or password, the message Wrong ID or Wrong Password appears and the input screen then reappears. Re-enter the ID or password correctly.

**3** Press **[OK]**. The Security screen appears.

# I/F Block (Interface (external device) block setting)

You can use this to lock and thereby protect the interface. The options available in Interface Block are as follows:

- USB Host (USB memory slot setting)
- USB Device (USB interface setting)
- Option I/F (Network interface card setting)
- USB Storage (USB memory setting)
- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ repeatedly until >I/F Block > appears.

# USB Host (USB memory slot setting)

This locks and protects the USB memory slot (USB host). The default setting is Unblock.

- **1** Press  $\triangleright$  while >I/F Block > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>USB Host appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select Block or Unblock using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### **USB Device (USB interface setting)**

This locks and protects the USB interface. The default setting is Unblock.

- **1** Press ▷ while >I/F Block > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>USB Device appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.



>

>I/F Block

>>USB Host Unblock

- **4** Select Block or Unblock using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### **Option I/F (Network interface card setting)**

This locks and protects the network interface card (NIC). The default setting is Unblock.

**Note** Option I/F is displayed only when the optional network interface is installed on the printer.

- **1** Press ▷ while >I/F Block > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Option I/F appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.

>>Option I/F ? Unblock

- 4 Select Block or Unblock using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### USB Storage (USB memory setting)

This blocks and protects the USB storage (USB memory). The default setting is Unblock.

- **1** Press ▷ while >I/F Block > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>USB Storage appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **4** Select Block or Unblock using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 5 Press [OK].
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### WSD-PRINT (WSD-PRINT setting)

Select whether or not to use WSD Print. The default setting is On.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >WSD-PRINT appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether WSD-PRINT is enabled.
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

>>USB Storage ? Unblock



# Enhanced WSD (Enhanced WSD setting)

Set whether to use our proprietary web services. Network driver use this Enhanced WSD Web service. The default setting is on.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >Enhanced WSD appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether Enhanced WSD is enabled.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# EnhancedWSD(SSL) (Enhanced WSD (SSL) setting)

Set whether to use our proprietary web services over SSL. SSL must be set to On in **SSL Server (SSL Server setting)** on page **2-77**. The default setting is On.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >EnhancedWSD(SSL) appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to select whether Enhanced WSD (SSL) is enabled.
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# **IPP (IPP setting)**

IPP (Internet Printing Protocol) is a standard that uses TCP/IP networks such as the Internet to enable print jobs to be sent between remote computers and printers.

IPP is an extension of the HTTP protocol used to view websites and enables printing to be carried out via routers on printers in remote locations. It also supports the HTTP authentication mechanisms along with SSL server and client authentication as well as encryption.

The default setting is On.

**Note** Check with your network administrator when selecting network settings.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >IPP appears.
- 2 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .

>Enhanced₩SD(SSL) ? On

>Enhanced WSD

? On

>IPP



- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# SSL Server (SSL Server setting)

SSL (Secure Sockets Layer) refers to a protocol used to encrypt information sent and received over a network. SSL can currently be used to encrypt data such as the WWW or FTP files widely used on the Internet so that privacy-related information, credit card numbers, corporate secrets and other confidential information can be sent and received safely.

SSL servers use this protocol to authenticate servers and clients.

The default setting is On.

**Note** Check with your network administrator when selecting network settings.

- After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >SSL Server > appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].

>

>

5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

### **DES (SSL Server DES setting)**

DES (Data Encryption Standard) is a typical symmetric-key cryptographic algorithm that divides data in to 64-bit blocks and then encrypts each block using a 56-bit key.



**Note** Symmetric-key cryptography, because it uses the same key for both encryption and decryption, uses the same key in both directions when encrypted data is exchanged. Accordingly, to prevent the key from being divulged, key transfer and storage must be very strictly managed.

The default setting is Off.

- **1** Press ▷ while >SSL Server On > is displayed. >>DES appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>SSL Server

>SSL Server ? Off

### 3DES (SSL Server 3DES setting)

3DES (Triple Data Encryption Standard) is a high level of encryption in which DES encryption is repeated threefold.

The default setting is On.

- **1** Press > while >SSL Server On > is displayed. >>3DES appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### AES (SSL Server AES setting)

AES (Advanced Encryption Standard) was developed to replace DES as the standard encryption as the safety of DES has declined. AES is a block encryption system that uses 128-bit blocks and an SPN structure (a typical structure for repeated encryption) with three selectable key lengths of 128, 192 and 256 bits.

The default setting is On.

- **1** Press ▷ while >SSL Server On > is displayed. >>AES appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

#### IPP over SSL (SSL Server IPP over SSL setting)

IPP over SSL is an encryption function that uses SSL for communications between users and servers in network printing. To use IPP over SSL, both server and client must support the protocol.

The default setting is On.

- Press ▷ while >SSL Server On > is displayed. >>IPP over SSL appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.



>>IPP over SSL

Off

>>3DES ? On

### HTTPS (SSL Server HTTPS setting)

HTTPS (HyperText Transfer Protocol Secure) is a protocol that adds SSL data encryption, message authentication and a digital signature function to the HTTP protocol used for data transfer between WWW servers and clients.

S-HTTP is a similar protocol, but HTTPS differs in that it uses SSL.

The default setting is On.

- **1** Press ▷ while >SSL Server On > is displayed. >>HTTPS appears.
- 2 Press [OK]. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- 5 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# **IPSec (IPSec setting)**

IPSec (IP Security Protocol) is a security protocol adopted as the standard by the IETF for authentication and encryption in the third network layer (IP layer).

It can be used with both IPv4 and IPv6.

Note IPv4 uses 32-bit IP addresses and IPv6 uses 128-bit IP addresses.

The default setting is Off.



**Note** Check with your network administrator when selecting network settings.

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ repeatedly until >IPSec appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- **3** Select On or Off using  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ .
- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [Menu]. The display returns to Ready.

>I	ΡS	ec

>>HTTPS On

>IPSec	
? Off	

# LAN Interface (LAN Interface setting)

Specify the settings for the LAN interface to be used. The default setting is  ${\tt Auto.}$ 

- 1 After entering the administrator ID and password, press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >LAN Interface appears.
- **2** Press **[OK]**. A blinking question mark (?) appears.
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to select the desired LAN Interface. The available LAN Interfaces are as follows:

```
Auto
10Base-Half
10Base-Full
```

```
100Base-Half
```

```
100Base-Full
```

```
1000Base-T
```

- 4 Press [OK].
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Security Level (Security Level setting)

Security Level is primarily a menu used by service personnel for maintenance work. There is no need for customers to use this menu.

>LAN Interface Auto



# Administrator (Administrator settings)

The Administrator setting is a function that identifies a user who can use the printer and manage other users.

When using the Security and Optional Network functions, the administrator ID and password set here are authenticated, and settings can be specified after they are properly authenticated.

The options available in Admin are as follows:

- ID (Administrator ID input)
- Password (Administrator Password input)
- Change ID (Administrator ID change)
- Change Password (Administrator Password change)
- 1 Press [MENU].

>

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Administrator > appears.

ID (Administrator ID input)

You can use this to set the administrator ID.



Note The default setting is "3500".

- **1** Press ▷ while Administrator > is displayed.
- **2** The message display shows ID and a blinking cursor (\_).
- 3 Press △ or ▽ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified ID. Use ⊲ and ▷ to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 digits.
- 4 Press [OK]. Proceed to the next step Password (Administrator Password input).

# Password (Administrator Password input)

You can use this to set the administrator password.



Note The default setting is "3500".

1 Once you have entered the correct ID in the previous step (ID (Administrator ID input)), the message display shows Password (Administrator password input) and a blinking cursor ().

Administrator	
---------------	--

ID

Password

**2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the specified password. Use  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 and 16 digits.



Note If you enter the incorrect administrator ID or password, the Wrong ID or Wrong Password message appears and the input screen then reappears. Re-enter the ID or password correctly.

**3** Once you enter the correct ID and password, the *Admin (change)* screen appears. (E.g.: Where the administrator ID is 0000001)

Each time you press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$ , the following settings to be changed appear in succession.

- Change ID
- Change Password



- **Note** If a change is required, refer to the procedures in Change ID (Administrator ID change) and Change Password (Administrator Password change) below.
- **4** Press **[OK]** again. The administrator ID and password are confirmed.
- **5** Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Change ID (Administrator ID change)

You can use this to change the administrator ID.

- 1 In step 3 in Password (Administrator Password input) above, press or  $\nabla$  while the Admin (Change) screen is displayed until >Change ID appears. (E.g.: Where the administrator ID is 001)
- **2** When you press **[OK]**, a blinking cursor () appears.

**3** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the ID to be changed. Use  $\triangleleft$  and  $\triangleright$  to move the cursor right and left. Enter an ID consisting of between 1 and 16 numbers.

- 4 Press **[OK]**. A confirmation screen appears. (E.g.: Where the administrator ID is changed to 002)
- **5** Press **[OK]**. The new administrator ID is confirmed.
- 6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

>Change ID 001

>Change ID

0000001

>Change ID

OK?		
002		

>Change Password	1	In step 3 in Password (Administrator Password input) above, press $\triangle$ or $\nabla$ while the Admin (Change) screen is displayed until >Change Password appears.
		<b>IMPORTANT</b> The administrator password is not displayed.
>Change Password	2	Press <b>[OK]</b> . A blinking cursor (_) appears.
	3	Press $\triangle$ or $\nabla$ to increase or decrease, respectively, the value at the blinking cursor. Enter the password to be changed. Use $\triangleleft$ and $\triangleright$ to move the cursor right and left. Enter a password consisting of between 0 and 16 numbers.
OK? 010	4	Press <b>[OK]</b> . A confirmation screen appears. (E.g.: Where the administrator password is changed to 010)
	5	Press [OK]. The new administrator password is confirmed.

6 Press [MENU]. The display returns to Ready.

# Change Password (Administrator Password change)

You can use this to change the administrator password.

# Adjust/Maintenance (Adjust/Maintenance selection/setting)

Adjust/Maintenance is used to adjust the print quality and to carry out printer maintenance.

The options available in Adjust/Maintenance are as follows:

- Restart Printer
- Service (for maintenance)

**IMPORTANT** Service is primarily a menu used by service personnel for maintenance work. There is no need for customers to use this menu.

- 1 Press [MENU].
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until Adjust/Maintenance > appears.

# **Restart Printer**

The procedure described below resets the printer's temporary conditions, such as the current page orientation, font, etc., set by commands to their default values. Downloaded fonts and macros are deleted from the printer's memory.

- **1** Press ▷ while Adjust/Maintenance > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Restart Printer appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press [OK] again. Self test appears while the printer is resetting itself, followed by Please wait and then Ready.

Adjust/Maintenance >

>Restart Printer ?

# Service (for maintenance)

The options available in Service are as follows:

- Print Status Page (Printing the service status page)
- Print Network Status Page (Printing the network status page)
- Print Op Network Status Page (Printing the option network status page)
- Print Test Page
- Maintenance (New Maintenance Kit replacement confirmation setting)
- Developer (Initializing the developer unit)

**IMPORTANT** Service is primarily a menu used by service personnel for maintenance work. There is no need for customers to use this menu.

- **1** Press ▷ while Adjust/Maintenance > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >Service > appears.

### Print Status Page (Printing the service status page)

The service status page contains printer settings information that is more detailed than the standard status page and is therefore mostly for service purposes. However, there is a great deal of information on the service status page that may be useful to you.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Service > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Print Status Page appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press [OK] again. Processing appears and a service status page is printed out.
- **5** When printing ends, the display returns to Ready.

### Print Network Status Page (Printing the network status page)

The network status page contains detailed information on the network settings. This is primarily used for maintenance by service personnel, but it contains information that may also be useful to you.

- 1 Press ▷ while >Service > is displayed.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Print Network Status Page appears.
- 3 Press [OK]. A question mark (?) appears.

4 Press [OK] again. Processing appears and a network status page is printed out.

**5** When printing ends, the display returns to Ready.

>Service

>

>>Print Status Page ?

Network Status Page?

>>Print

# Print Op Network Status Page (Printing the option network status page)

The option network status page contains detailed information on the network settings. This is primarily used for maintenance by service personnel, but it contains information that may also be useful to you.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Service > is displayed.
- 2 Press △ or ▽ repeatedly until >>Print Op Network Status Page appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press [OK] again. Processing appears and an option network status page is printed out.
- **5** When printing ends, the display returns to Ready.

### **Print Test Page**

The test page is printed to check the effectiveness of printer adjustments. This is primarily used for maintenance by service personnel, but it contains information that may also be useful to you.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Service > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Print Test Page appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.
- 4 Press [OK] again. Processing appears and a test page is printed out.
- **5** When printing ends, the display returns to Ready.

# Maintenance (New Maintenance Kit replacement confirmation setting)

This specifies the setting for confirmation of replacement with the new Maintenance Kit (resets the total number of Maintenance Kit print images). This is primarily used for maintenance by service personnel.

**Note** The Maintenance menu is displayed only when Replace MK appears.

- **1** Press ▷ while >Service > is displayed.
- **2** Press  $\triangle$  or  $\nabla$  repeatedly until >>Maintenance appears.
- **3** Press **[OK]**. A question mark (?) appears.

# 4 Press **[OK]** again. The confirmation of replacement with the new Maintenance Kit is set.

**5** When the replacement ends, the display returns to Ready.

>>Maintenance ?

>>Print Test Page ?

>>Print Op

Network Status Page?

## **Developer (Initializing the developer unit)**

The replaced developer can be automatically fill up the toner using this menu when a toner container is installed and the printer is turned on. This is primarily used for maintenance by service representative.
# **3 Option**

This chapter explains the options for this printer.

General Information	3-2
Expansion Memory Modules	3-3
Paper Feeder (PF-100)	3-5
Network Interface Kit (IB-50)	3-5
Wireless Network Interface Kit (IB-51)	3-5
USB Flash Memory	3-5

# **General Information**

The printers have the following options available to satisfy your printing requirements.



**Note** Install the memory module before installing the optional paper feeder (PF-100).

For instructions on installing individual options, refer to the documentation included with the option. Some options are explained in the following sections.



# **Expansion Memory Modules**

To expand the printer memory for more complex print jobs and faster print speed, you can plug in optional memory module (dual in line memory module) in the memory slot provided on the printer main controller board. You can select additional memory module from 256, 512, or 1024 MB. The maximum memory size is 1280 MB.



**Note** The expansion memory should only be installed by your service technician. We shall not be liable for any damages caused by improper installation of expansion memory.

### **Precautions for Handling the Printer's Main Controller Board and Memory Module**

To protect electronic parts, discharge static electricity from your body by touching a water pipe (faucet) or other large metal object before handling the memory module. Or, wear an antistatic wrist strap, if possible, when you install the memory module.

Always hold the main controller board or a memory module by its edges as shown below to avoid damaging electronic parts.



Incorrect



# Installing the Memory Module

- **1** Turn off the printer and disconnect the power cord and printer cable.
- **2** Remove the right cover as shown in the figure.





Remove the fixing tape in case of the first installation. Then, remove the memory slot cover as shown in the figure.



4 Remove the memory module from its package.

Aligning the cutouts of the memory module with the matching keys of the socket, carefully plug the memory module into the memory socket until it clicks in place. Then, push down the memory module to secure.



**CAUTION** Before inserting a memory module in the printer, make sure that the printer is switched off.

- 6 Push down the memory module to secure.
- 7 Reinstall the memory slot cover and the right cover.

### **Removing a Memory Module**

To remove a memory module, remove the right cover and the memory slot cover from the printer. Then, carefully push out the two socket clamps. Ease the memory module out of the socket to remove.

### Verifying the expanded memory

To verify that the memory module is working properly, test it by printing a status page.



# Paper Feeder (PF-100)

The PF-100 allows you to add two more paper cassette to the bottom of the printer for continuous feeding of a large volume of paper. Each paper cassette can hold up to approximately 250 sheets of ISO A4, ISO A5, JIS B5, Letter, or Legal size  $(80g/m^2)$  paper. This feeder is attached at the bottom of the printer as shown on the left.



**CAUTION** Before attaching the PF-100 to the printer, make sure that the printer is switched off.



# Network Interface Kit (IB-50)

The network interface kit is a high-speed interface for communications speeds of 1 gigabit per second. In addition to the TCP/IP and NetBEUI supported by the machine's standard network interface, it also supports IPX/SPX and Apple Talk, so network printing becomes possible in various environments, including Windows, Macintosh, UNIX and Netware. For details, refer to *IB-50 User's Manual*.



# Wireless Network Interface Kit (IB-51)

This is a wireless network interface kit which supports the wireless network specifications IEEE802.11n (Max 300 Mbps) and 11 g/b.

With the utilities supplied, settings are possible for a variety of OS and network protocols. For details, refer to *IB-51 User's Manual*.

# **USB Flash Memory**

See your dealer for purchasing information of this optional device that are best suited for use with this printer.

# **4 Computer Interface**

This chapter contains explanations on the following topics:

General Information	4-2
USB Interface	4-2
Network Interface	4-3

# **General Information**

This chapter explains the connector specifications of USB and network interfaces.

# **USB Interface**

This printer supports the Hi-Speed USB. USB (Universal Serial Bus) interface specifications are as follows.

### **Specifications**

### **Basic specification**

Complies with the Universal Serial Bus Specification Revision 2.0.

### Connectors

Printer: B-type receptacle (female) with upstream port Cable: B-type plug (male)

### Cable

Use a shielded cable that complies with USB 2.0 (Hi-Speed USB) and not longer than 5 meters (16 feet).

### **Transfer Mode**

High speed (480 Mbps maximum) Full-Speed (12 Mbps maximum)

#### **Power Control**

Self-power device

### **Interface Signals**

### **USB Connector Pin Assignment**

Pin	Signal	Description
1	Vbus	Power supply (+5 V)
2	D-	Data transmission
3	D+	Data transmission
4	GND	Signal ground
Shell	_	Shield

# **Network Interface**

### **Features**

#### Automatic IP address resolution

This feature is compatible with the DHCP/DHCPv6 protocol and allows the printer to automatically receive IP addresses from the DHCP/DHCPv6 server.

#### Management using Web browsers

HTTP pages are incorporated in to the interface, so that a web browser can be used to monitor and change a range of settings. The settings can be password-protected.

### Support for a range of protocols

The SMTP, POP3, SSL, SNMP, IPv6 and NetBIOS over TCP/IP protocols are supported for easier printer management and more robust security.

### Support for IEEE 802.1x

The interface supports EAP-TLS and PEAP authentication.

### Supports IPv6

Supports IPv6, which is based on IPv4 with improvements, such as increased manageable address space, additional security functions and priority based data transmission.

#### **Supports IPSec**

Supports IPSec, the security protocol that authenticates and encrypts in the network layer (IP layer).

### **Specifications**

#### Connector

10 Base-T/100 Base-TX/1000 BASE-T

#### **Operating Systems**

Windows XP/Vista/7/8/Server2003/2008/2012 R2, MacOS 10.5 or later

#### **Network protocols**

- IPv6: HTTP, HTTPS, LPD, FTP, IPP, RawPort, ICMPv6, LLTD, SNTP, DHCPv6, SMTP, POP3, DNS, SNMPv1/v2c/v3, IPPS, WSD
- IPv4: HTTP, HTTPS, LPD, FTP, IPP, RawPort, ICMP, DHCP, SMTP, POP3, SNTP, DNS, WINS, NetBIOS over TCP/IP, SNMPv1/v2c/v3, Bonjour, IPPS, LLTD, WSD
- Etc.: IPX/SPX, NetWare (NDS/Bindery), NetBEUI

#### **Security Protocols**

SSL/TLS (HTTPS, IPPS), SNMPv3, EAP-TLS, PEAP, AH, ESP

### **EMI** Countermeasures

VCCI Class B, FCC Class B (U.S.), CE (Europe)

**IMPORTANT** When IPv6 functions are used, the devices used on the network (routers, PCs, etc) must support IPv6.

# Glossary

### **Additional memory**

An additional memory (optional) is used for increasing the memory capacity of this machine. For DIMM that can be used in this machine, contact your service technician.

### AppleTalk

AppleTalk offers file sharing and printer sharing and it also enables you to utilize application software that is on another computer on the same AppleTalk network.

### **Default Gateway**

This indicates the device, such as a computer or router, that serves as the entrance/exit (gateway) for accessing computers outside of the network that you are on. When no specific gateway is designated for a destination IP address, data is sent to the host that is designated as the Default Gateway.

### **DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)**

This is a protocol that automatically resolves the IP address, Subnet Mask and Gateway address on a TCP/IP network. Use of DHCP minimizes the load of network administration, especially on network environments with a large number of client computers where it is not specifically necessary to assign a separate IP address to each client, including printers.

### dpi (dots per inch)

This indicates the number of dots printed per inch (25.4 mm) as a unit for expressing resolution.

### **EcoPrint**

This is a printing mode that reduces toner consumption. Pages printed in the EcoPrint mode are lighter than pages printed in the normal mode.

### **Emulation**

This refers to emulation of other manufacturers' printers. The printer emulates operation of the following printers: PCL 6, KPDL, KPDL (AUTO), Line Printer, IBM Proprinter and EPSON LQ-850

### **Form Feed Timeout**

While data is being sent to a printer, some pauses may occur. At this time, the printer waits for the next data without making a page break. Form feed timeout is a function to wait only a preset amount of time before it executes an automatic page break. After the waiting period begins, once the designated amount of time is exceeded, the printer will automatically process the currently received data and print it out. If the machine has received no print data for the last page, the printer ends processing of that job without outputting paper.

#### IP Address (Internet Protocol Address)

The Internet Protocol address is a unique number that represents a specific computer in a network. The format of an IP Address is four numbers separated by dots, e.g. 192.168.110.171. Each number should be a decimal between 0 and 255.

### **KPDL**

KPDL is Kyocera's implementation of the PostScript page description language Level3.

### **MP Tray**

This tray is used instead of the cassette when printing on envelopes, postcards, transparency sheets, and labels.

### NetBEUI (NetBIOS Extended User Interface)

An enhanced version of the NetBIOS protocol, it enables the utilization of more advanced functions on small-scale networks than do other protocols such as TCP/IP, etc.

#### **Outline font**

With outline fonts, character outlines are represented with numerical expressions and fonts can be enlarged or reduced in different ways by changing the numeric values of those expressions. Printing remains clear even if you enlarge fonts, since the characters are defined with outlines represented with numerical expressions. You can specify the font size in steps of 0.25 points up to 999.75 points.

#### **PostScript**

This is a page description language developed by Adobe Systems, Inc. It enables flexible font functions and highly-functional graphics, allowing higher quality printing.

#### **PPM (prints per minute)**

This indicates the number of printouts made in one minute.

#### **Printer driver**

The printer driver makes it possible for you to print data created using application software. The printer driver for the printer is contained on the DVD-ROM supplied with the printer. Install the printer driver on the computer connected to the printer.

#### **Sleep mode**

This mode is provided to save power. It is activated when the machine is not used for a preset period of time. In this mode, power is reduced to the minimum. The default setting can be changed.

#### Status page

This lists machine conditions, such as the machine's memory, the total number of prints and paper source settings. You can print the status page from the operation panel.

### Subnet Mask

This is a 32-bit numerical value that defines which bits of the IP address specify the network address and which specify the host address.

### TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol)

TCP/IP is a suite of protocols designed to define the way computers and other devices communicate with each other over a network.

### **USB (Universal Serial Bus) 2.0**

A USB interface standard for Hi-Speed USB 2.0. The maximum transfer rate is 480 Mbps. This machine is equipped with USB 2.0 for high-speed data transfer.

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We recommend the use of our own brand supplies. We will not be liable for any damage caused by the use of third party supplies in this machine.



### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions America, Inc.

#### Headquarters

225 Sand Road, Fairfield, New Jersey 07004-0008, USA Phone: +1-973-808-8444 Fax: +1-973-882-6000

#### Latin America

8240 NW 52nd Terrace Dawson Building, Suite 100 Miami, Florida 33166, USA Phone: +1-305-421-6640 Fax: +1-305-421-6666

### KYOCERA Document Solutions Canada, Ltd.

6120 Kestrel Rd., Mississauga, ON L5T 1S8, Canada Phone: +1-905-670-4425 Fax: +1-905-670-8116

### KYOCERA Document Solutions Mexico, S.A. de C.V.

Calle Arquimedes No. 130, 4 Piso, Colonia Polanco Chapultepec, Delegacion Miguel Hidalgo, Distrito Federal, C.P. 11560, México Phone: +52-555-383-2741 Fax: +52-555-383-7804

### KYOCERA Document Solutions Brazil, Ltda.

Av.Tambore,1180 Mod.B-09 CEP 06460-000 Tambore-Barueri-SP, Brazil Phone: +55-11-4195-8496 Fax: +55-11-4195-6167

### KYOCERA Document Solutions Australia Pty. Ltd.

Level 3, 6-10 Talavera Road North Ryde N.S.W, 2113, Australia Phone: +61-2-9888-9999 Fax: +61-2-9888-9588

### KYOCERA Document Solutions New Zealand Ltd.

Ground Floor, 19 Byron Avenue, Takapuna, Auckland, New Zealand Phone: +64-9-415-4517 Fax: +64-9-415-4597

### **KYOCERA Document Solutions Asia Limited**

16/F.,Mita Centre, 552-566, Castle Peak Road Tsuenwan, NT, Hong Kong Phone: +852-2610-2181 Fax: +852-2610-2063

#### KYOCERA Document Solutions (China) Corporation

8F, No. 288 Nanjing Road West, Huangpu District, Shanghai,200003, China Phone: +86-21-5301-1777 Fax: +86-21-5302-8300

#### KYOCERA Document Solutions (Thailand) Corp., Ltd.

335 Ratchadapisek Road, Bangsue, Bangkok 10800, Thailand Phone: +66-2-586-0333 Fax: +66-2-586-0278

# KYOCERA Document Solutions Singapore Pte. Ltd.

12 Tai Seng Street #04-01A, Luxasia Building, Singapore 534118 Phone: +65-6741-8733 Fax: +65-6748-3788

### KYOCERA Document Solutions Hong Kong Limited

16/F.,Mita Centre, 552-566, Castle Peak Road Tsuenwan, NT, Hong Kong Phone: +852-3582-4000 Fax: +852-3185-1399

#### KYOCERA Document Solutions Taiwan Corporation

6F., No.37, Sec. 3, Minquan E. Rd., Zhongshan Dist., Taipei 104, Taiwan R.O.C. Phone: +886-2-2507-6709 Fax: +886-2-2507-8432

### KYOCERA Document Solutions Korea Co., Ltd.

18F, Kangnam bldg, 1321-1, Seocho-Dong, Seocho-Gu, Seoul, Korea Phone: +822-6933-4050 Fax: +822-747-0084

#### KYOCERA Document Solutions India Private Limited

First Floor, ORCHID CENTRE Sector-53, Golf Course Road, Gurgaon 122 002, India Phone: +91-0124-4671000 Fax: +91-0124-4671001

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Europe B.V.

Bloemlaan 4, 2132 NP Hoofddorp, The Netherlands Phone: +31-20-654-0000 Fax: +31-20-653-1256

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Nederland B.V.

Beechavenue 25, 1119 RA Schiphol-Rijk, The Netherlands Phone: +31-20-5877200 Fax: +31-20-5877260

### **KYOCERA Document Solutions (U.K.) Limited**

Eldon Court, 75-77 London Road, Reading, Berkshire RG1 5BS, United Kingdom Phone: +44-118-931-1500 Fax: +44-118-931-1108

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Italia S.p.A.

Via Verdi, 89/91 20063 Cernusco s/N.(MI), Italy Phone: +39-02-921791 Fax: +39-02-92179-600

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Belgium N.V.

Sint-Martinusweg 199-201 1930 Zaventem, Belgium Phone: +32-2-7209270 Fax: +32-2-7208748

### **KYOCERA Document Solutions France S.A.S.**

Espace Technologique de St Aubin Route de l'Orme 91195 Gif-sur-Yvette CEDEX, France Phone: +33-1-69852600 Fax: +33-1-69853409

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Espana, S.A.

Edificio Kyocera, Avda. de Manacor No.2, 28290 Las Matas (Madrid), Spain Phone: +34-91-6318392 Fax: +34-91-6318219

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Finland Oy

Atomitie 5C, 00370 Helsinki, Finland Phone: +358-9-47805200 Fax: +358-9-47805390

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions

Europe B.V., Amsterdam (NL) Zürich Branch Hohlstrasse 614, 8048 Zürich,

Switzerland Phone: +41-44-9084949 Fax: +41-44-9084950

### KYOCERA Document Solutions Deutschland GmbH

Otto-Hahn-Strasse 12, 40670 Meerbusch, Germany Phone: +49-2159-9180 Fax: +49-2159-918100

### **KYOCERA Document Solutions Austria GmbH**

Eduard-Kittenberger-Gasse 95, 1230 Vienna, Austria Phone: +43-1-863380 Fax: +43-1-86338-400

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Nordic AB

Esbogatan 16B 164 75 Kista, Sweden Phone: +46-8-546-550-00 Fax: +46-8-546-550-10

### **KYOCERA Document Solutions Norge Nuf**

Postboks 150 Oppsal, 0619 Oslo, Norway Phone: +47-22-62-73-00 Fax: +47-22-62-72-00

## KYOCERA Document Solutions Danmark A/S

Ejby Industrivej 60, DK-2600 Glostrup, Denmark Phone: +45-70223880 Fax: +45-45765850

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Portugal Lda.

Rua do Centro Cultural, 41 (Alvalade) 1700-106 Lisboa, Portugal Phone: +351-21-843-6780 Fax: +351-21-849-3312

# KYOCERA Document Solutions

### South Africa (Pty) Ltd.

KYOCERA House, Hertford Office Park, 90 Bekker Road (Cnr. Allandale), Midrand, South Africa. Phone: +27-11-540-2600 Fax: +27-11-466-3050

### **KYOCERA Document Solutions Russia LLC**

Botanichesky pereulok 5, Moscow, 129090, Russia Phone: +7(495)741-0004 Fax: +7(495)741-0018

### **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Middle East

Dubai Internet City, Bldg. 17, Office 157 P.O. Box 500817, Dubai, United Arab Emirates Phone: +971-04-433-0412

# **KYOCERA** Document Solutions Inc.

2-28, 1-chome, Tamatsukuri, Chuo-ku Osaka 540-8585, Japan Phone: +81-6-6764-3555 http://www.kyoceradocumentsolutions.com

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